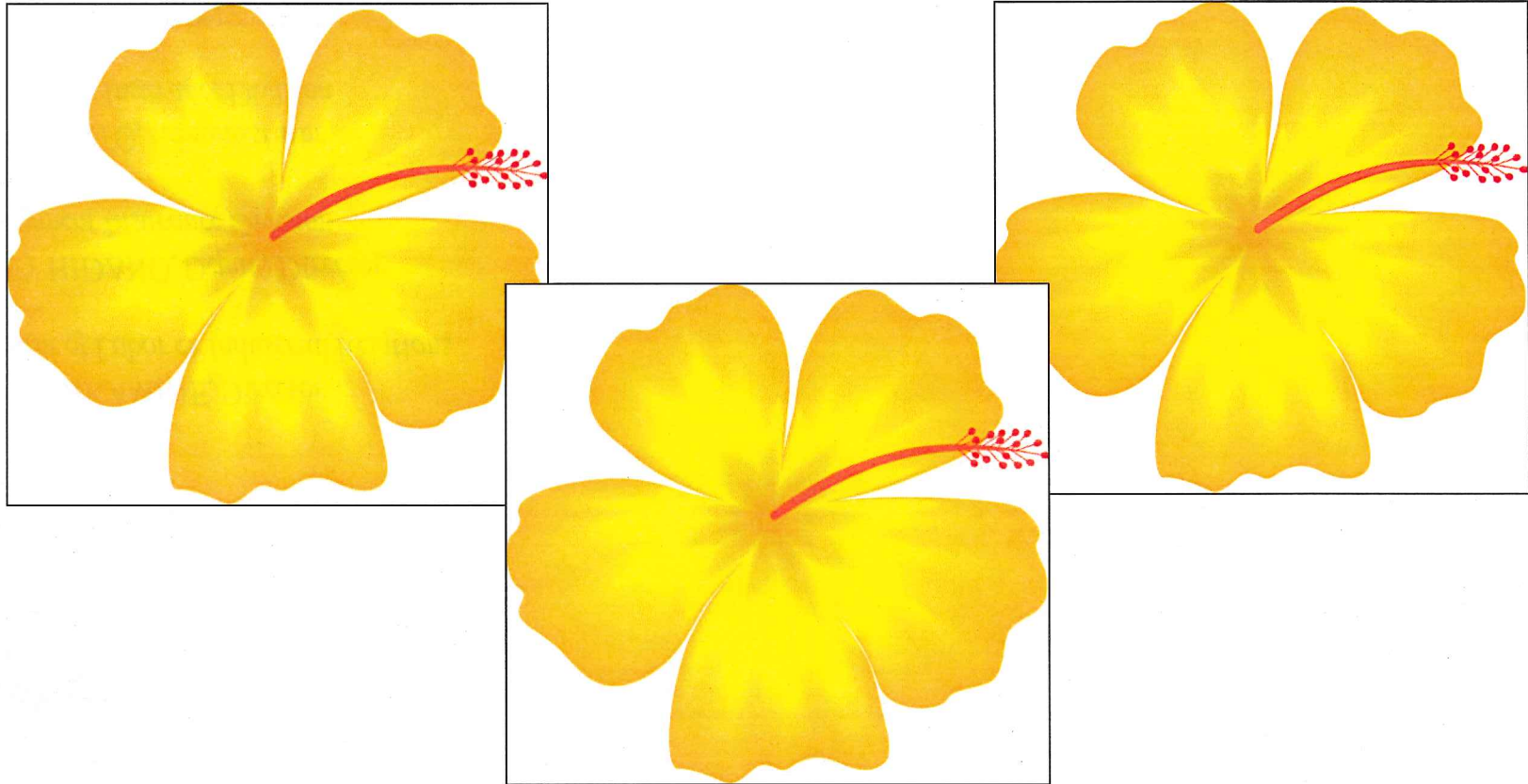
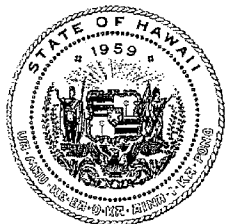


STATE OF HAWAII UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FACT BOOK 2010



**State of Hawaii
Department of Labor & Industrial Relations
Research & Statistics Office**

State of Hawaii
Unemployment Insurance
Fact Book 2010



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Introduction

The Unemployment Insurance Fact Book provides statistical data and other information on the Hawaii Unemployment Insurance program.

The unemployment insurance program is an income maintenance program that provides a partial replacement of wage loss during temporary periods of unemployment. The program pays weekly benefits, generally up to 26 weeks, to individuals who meet the requirements of the state unemployment insurance law.

During 2010, there were three regular programs and two extended benefits programs actively administered by the Hawaii State Unemployment Division. The State Unemployment Insurance (UI) program covers private industry, state and county governments and nonprofit organizations. The federal Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program covers federal civilian employees. The federal Unemployment Compensation for Ex-Service members (UCX) program covers ex-service personnel. The Federal-State Extended Benefits (EB) program covered claimants who exhaust their regular benefits during periods of high unemployment. The Federal Emergency Unemployment Compensation (EUC08) program began in July 2008 and provides eligible claimants up to 47 weeks of additional compensation after exhausting their regular benefits .

This fact book contains regular program data from 1995 through the end of 2010. It does not include EUC08 data. Tables are presented by programs (UI, UCFE, and UCX) and also in a combined program total. Data for the current year is presented in the smallest available data group, either by county or local office. Unemployment statistics reports required by the Federal government were the data sources for this fact book.

Since the start of the State Unemployment Insurance Program in 1937, various unemployment and training programs were implemented. A brief explanation and a history of these programs are provided in the appendices.

Note: County and Local Offices' totals may not add due to rounding.

SECTION I - INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT

Insured Unemployment Rate

The insured unemployment rate (IUR) is one of many indicators of economic performance in the state. It is a standard measurement of unemployed individuals covered by unemployment insurance and represents a ratio of unemployed individuals to employed individuals.

The IUR is primarily used to trigger "ON" and "OFF" the permanent Extended Benefits Program (EB) and temporary programs approved during periods of high unemployment. The maximum number of weeks a claimant could draw benefits under the former temporary programs fluctuated and was dependent on the IUR.

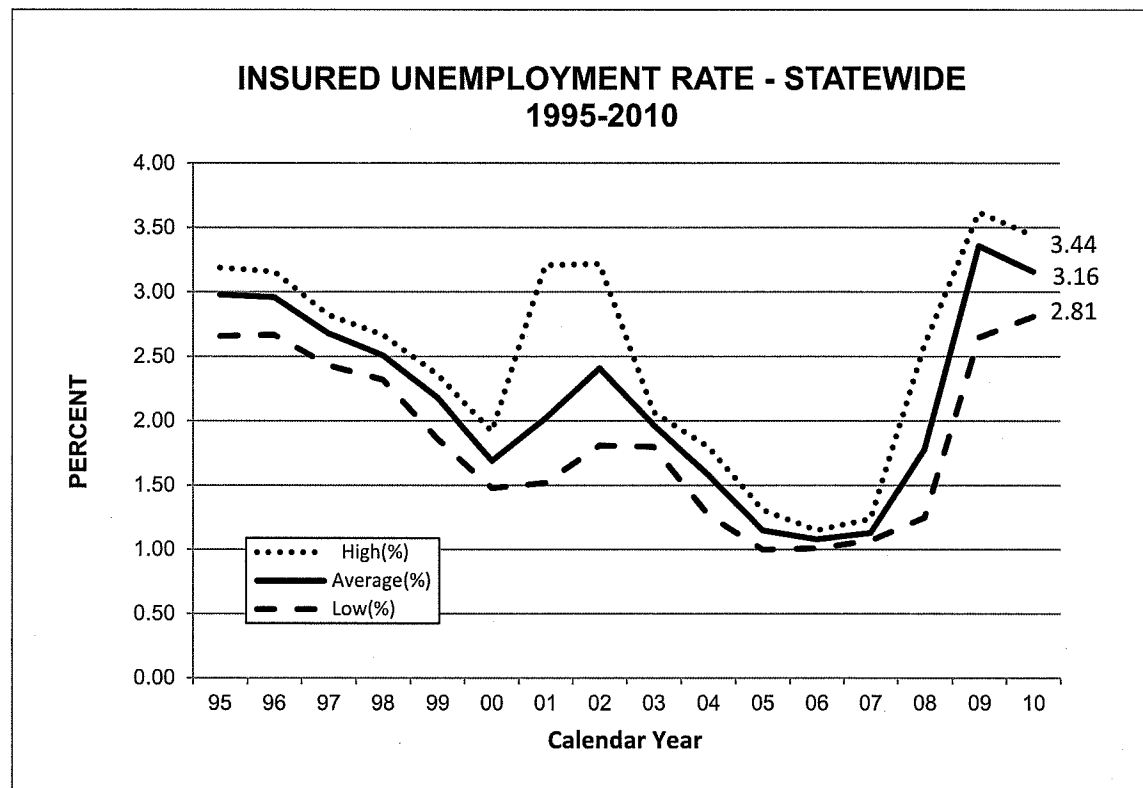
The IUR is based on a 13-week moving average of the insured unemployed. The IUR and the percentage of the average IUR's for the corresponding period in each of the preceding two years are used to determine the triggering provisions of the federal-state extended benefits program. The IUR is calculated on a weekly basis by dividing insured unemployment by covered employment. Insured unemployment is the average number of weeks claimed for a 13-week period. Covered employment is the average monthly employment during the first four of the last six completed calendar quarters. Agent interstate claims filed in Hawaii are also included in the calculations of weeks claimed.

STATEWIDE - UI ONLY

Year	High(%)	Low(%)	Average(%)
1995	3.19	2.66	2.98
1996	3.16	2.67	2.96
1997	2.82	2.43	2.68
1998	2.67	2.32	2.51
1999	2.36	1.86	2.18
2000	1.92	1.48	1.69
2001	3.21	1.52	2.02
2002	3.22	1.81	2.41
2003	2.07	1.80	1.97
2004	1.80	1.27	1.58
2005	1.31	1.00	1.15
2006	1.15	1.01	1.08
2007	1.24	1.07	1.13
2008	2.59	1.25	1.78
2009	3.62	2.65	3.36
2010	3.44	2.81	3.16

COUNTY 2010

County	High(%)	Low(%)	Average(%)
HAWAII	6.37	5.07	5.96
KAUAI	5.20	4.34	4.85
MAUI	5.45	3.85	4.54
OAHU	2.56	2.20	2.39

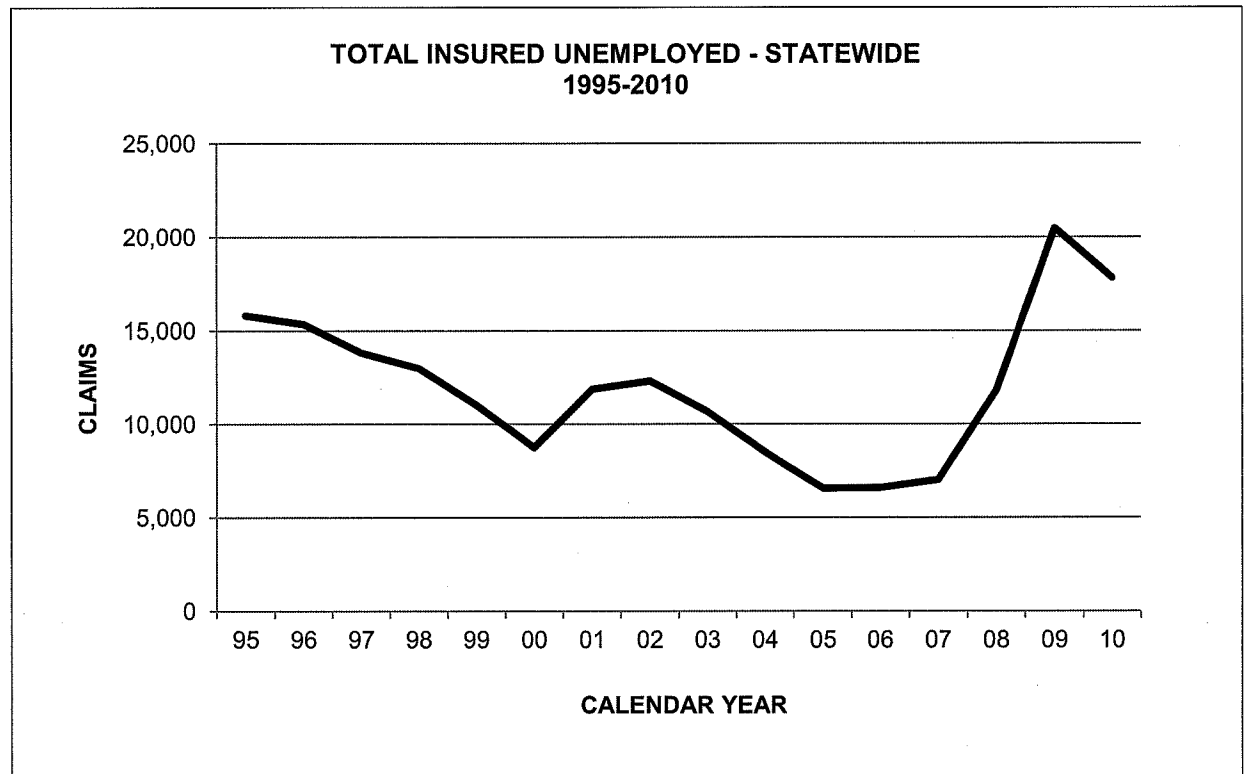


Average Weekly Insured Unemployed

Insured unemployed refers to the average weekly number of individuals that file claims. The calculation is derived by dividing the number of weeks claimed during a twelve month period by the number of weeks in a year.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
1995	15,324	191	303	15,819
1996	14,854	216	280	15,351
1997	13,356	213	250	13,819
1998	12,605	157	216	12,978
1999	10,684	159	199	11,042
2000	8,413	156	186	8,755
2001	11,545	166	173	11,884
2002	11,980	138	186	12,304
2003	10,327	128	214	10,669
2004	8,202	107	205	8,514
2005	6,260	92	218	6,570
2006	6,234	77	298	6,609
2007	6,798	82	152	7,032
2008	11,611	56	149	11,817
2009	20,176	86	223	20,484
2010	17,302	159	376	17,837



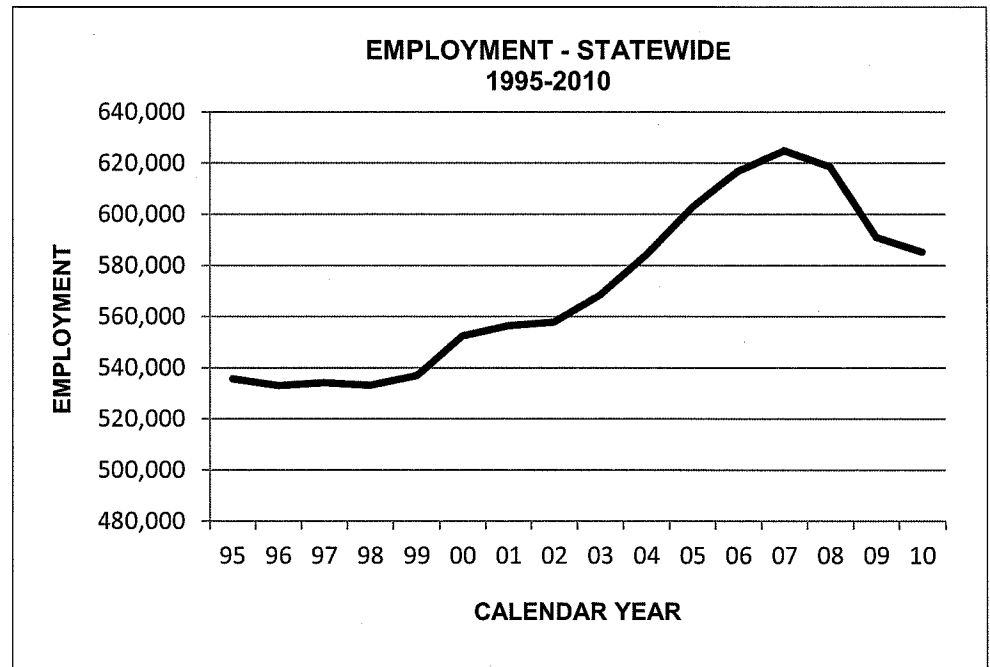
SECTION II - EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

Employment

Employment is the average number of employees covered by the unemployment insurance law.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Private	Federal	State	County	Nonprofit	Total
1995	402,645	31,369	59,795	15,792	26,038	535,640
1996	401,001	31,101	58,430	16,624	25,967	533,123
1997	400,817	30,682	59,488	17,001	26,221	534,210
1998	398,354	30,398	60,289	17,208	26,899	533,147
1999	401,109	30,254	61,228	17,010	27,377	536,979
2000	414,768	30,398	62,354	17,004	27,922	552,445
2001	416,770	30,101	63,832	17,088	28,656	556,447
2002	414,417	30,687	66,316	17,129	29,328	557,876
2003	422,293	31,748	66,866	16,938	30,703	568,549
2004	435,079	31,497	67,793	17,113	32,745	584,227
2005	452,366	31,297	67,890	17,222	34,063	602,837
2006	465,014	31,736	68,404	17,470	34,326	616,950
2007	472,151	31,732	69,229	17,930	33,889	624,931
2008	463,561	32,328	70,745	18,525	33,454	618,612
2009	435,018	33,340	70,466	18,663	33,566	591,054
2010	423,429	34,843	68,148	18,751	40,128	585,298



COUNTY 2010

County	Private	Federal	State	County	Nonprofit	Total
HAWAII	46,977	1,497	7,996	2,667	2,243	61,379
KAUAI	22,512	572	2,623	1,223	1,145	28,076
MAUI	53,790	977	5,982	2,702	2,219	65,670
OAHU	300,150	31,797	51,547	12,160	34,520	430,174

Total Wages

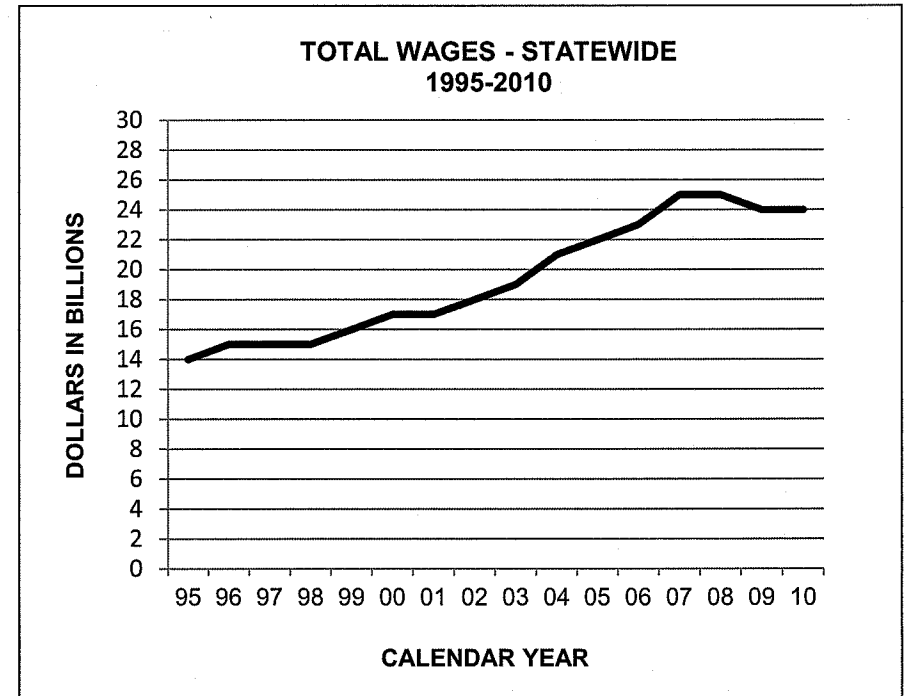
Total wages are wages paid to employees covered by the unemployment insurance law.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Private	Federal	State/County	Nonprofit	Total
1995	10,320,158,899	1,040,474,272	2,294,040,622	797,966,918	14,452,640,711
1996	10,443,561,580	1,064,731,104	2,261,432,271	813,421,345	14,583,146,300
1997	10,675,517,263	1,245,274,800	2,383,822,296	840,367,712	15,144,982,071
1998	10,899,921,524	1,280,158,211	2,438,746,780	874,067,493	15,492,894,008
1999	11,180,959,288	1,287,285,887	2,644,674,160	890,096,039	16,003,015,374
2000	11,945,344,421	1,397,710,203	2,605,954,252	942,184,775	16,891,193,651
2001	12,299,179,723	1,417,530,716	2,691,882,724	987,479,200	17,396,072,363
2002	12,701,746,952	1,558,166,028	2,937,265,933	1,037,123,139	18,234,302,052
2003	13,376,170,472	1,652,851,379	3,045,250,431	1,122,270,699	19,196,542,981
2004	14,461,560,596	1,700,268,861	3,151,298,756	1,260,321,094	20,573,449,307
2005	15,471,398,437	1,774,962,294	3,328,274,364	1,348,654,558	21,923,289,653
2006	16,520,578,034	1,839,930,864	3,553,621,243	1,412,277,429	23,326,407,570
2007	17,508,474,137	1,947,798,113	3,772,132,802	1,444,242,604	24,672,647,656
2008	17,626,344,437	2,000,907,747	4,042,725,268	1,508,342,986	25,178,320,438
2009	16,587,402,171	2,116,678,715	4,113,755,023	1,644,009,785	24,461,845,694
2010	16,292,046,203	2,320,919,422	3,877,559,129	1,954,734,560	24,445,259,314

COUNTY 2010

County	Private	Federal	State/County	Nonprofit	Total
HAWAII	1,550,418,751	82,912,147	514,402,013	96,741,937	2,244,474,848
KAUAI	758,561,790	35,504,660	189,415,517	70,850,573	1,054,332,540
MAUI	1,902,096,605	53,999,540	425,263,655	88,427,638	2,469,787,438
OAHU	12,080,969,057	2,148,503,075	2,748,477,944	1,698,714,412	18,676,664,488



Average Annual Wages

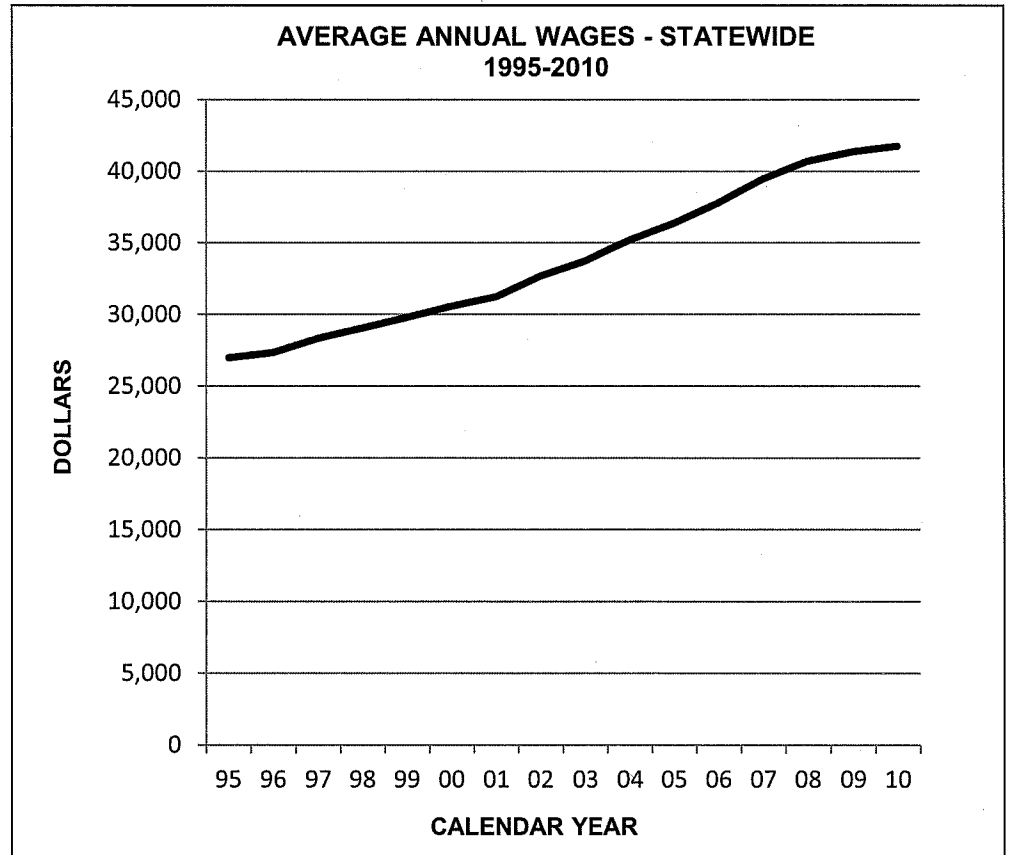
Average annual wages are computed by dividing the twelve month total covered wage amount by the twelve month average employment figure.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Private	Federal	State/Cnty	NonProfit	Total
1995	25,631	33,169	30,350	30,646	26,982
1996	26,044	34,235	30,131	31,325	27,354
1997	26,634	40,586	31,166	32,049	28,350
1998	27,362	42,113	31,469	32,494	29,059
1999	27,875	42,549	33,803	32,513	29,802
2000	28,800	45,980	32,838	33,743	30,575
2001	29,511	47,091	33,266	34,460	31,263
2002	30,650	50,776	35,200	35,363	32,685
2003	31,675	52,062	36,338	36,552	33,764
2004	33,239	53,982	37,115	38,489	35,215
2005	34,201	56,713	39,105	39,593	36,367
2006	35,527	57,976	41,382	41,143	37,809
2007	37,082	61,383	43,279	42,617	39,481
2008	38,024	61,894	45,286	45,087	40,701
2009	38,130	63,488	46,155	48,978	41,387
2010	38,476	66,611	44,621	48,712	41,765

COUNTY 2010

County	Private	Federal	State/Cnty	NonProfit	Total
HAWAII	33,004	55,386	48,242	43,131	36,567
KAUAI	33,696	62,071	49,250	61,878	37,553
MAUI	35,362	55,271	48,971	39,850	37,609
OAHU	40,250	67,569	43,142	49,210	43,417



Average Weekly Wages

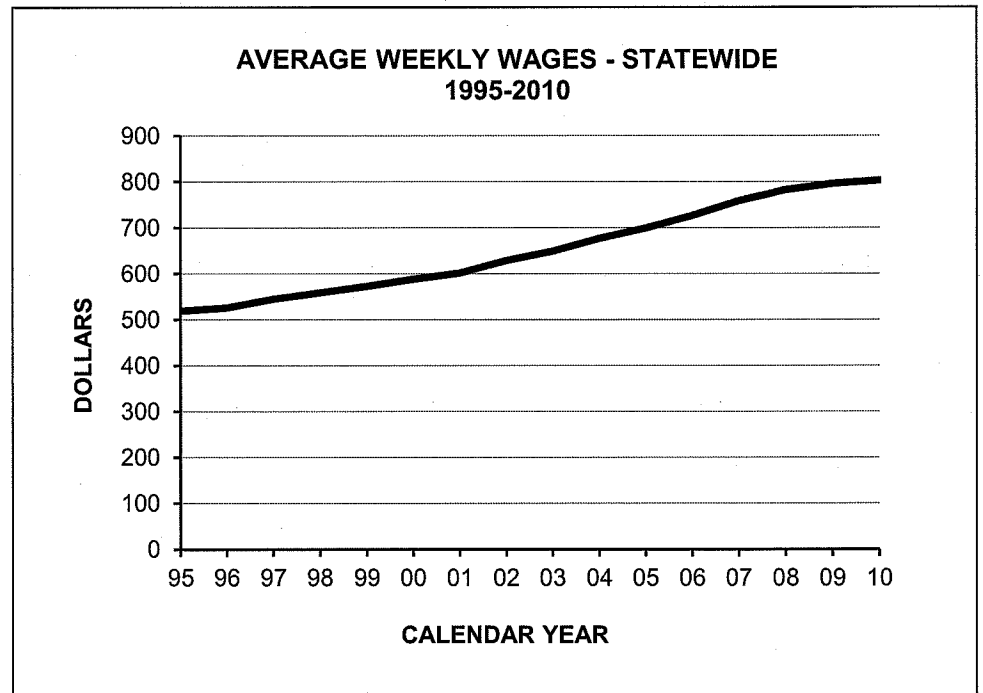
Average weekly wages are computed by dividing the average annual wage amount by 52 (number of weeks in a year).

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Private	Federal	State/Cnty	Nonprofit	Total
1995	492.90	637.86	583.65	589.35	518.88
1996	500.85	658.37	579.44	602.40	526.04
1997	512.20	780.51	599.34	616.33	545.20
1998	526.20	809.87	605.17	624.89	558.83
1999	536.06	818.26	650.06	625.24	573.11
2000	553.85	884.24	631.50	648.91	587.99
2001	567.51	905.59	639.73	662.69	601.21
2002	589.42	976.46	676.92	680.06	628.56
2003	609.14	1001.18	698.80	702.93	649.31
2004	639.21	1038.11	713.75	740.17	677.21
2005	657.71	1090.64	752.01	761.40	699.36
2006	683.21	1114.93	795.08	791.21	727.10
2007	713.12	1180.44	832.28	819.55	759.24
2008	731.23	1190.27	870.89	867.06	782.72
2009	639.21	1038.11	713.75	740.17	795.90
2010	657.71	1090.64	752.01	761.40	803.15

COUNTY 2010

County	Private	Federal	State/Cnty	Nonprofit	Total
HAWAII	634.69	1065.11	927.73	829.43	703.22
KAUAI	648.00	1193.67	947.12	1189.97	722.17
MAUI	679.74	1062.90	941.75	766.35	723.01
OAHU	774.03	1299.41	829.66	946.34	834.93



Section III - CLAIMS DATA

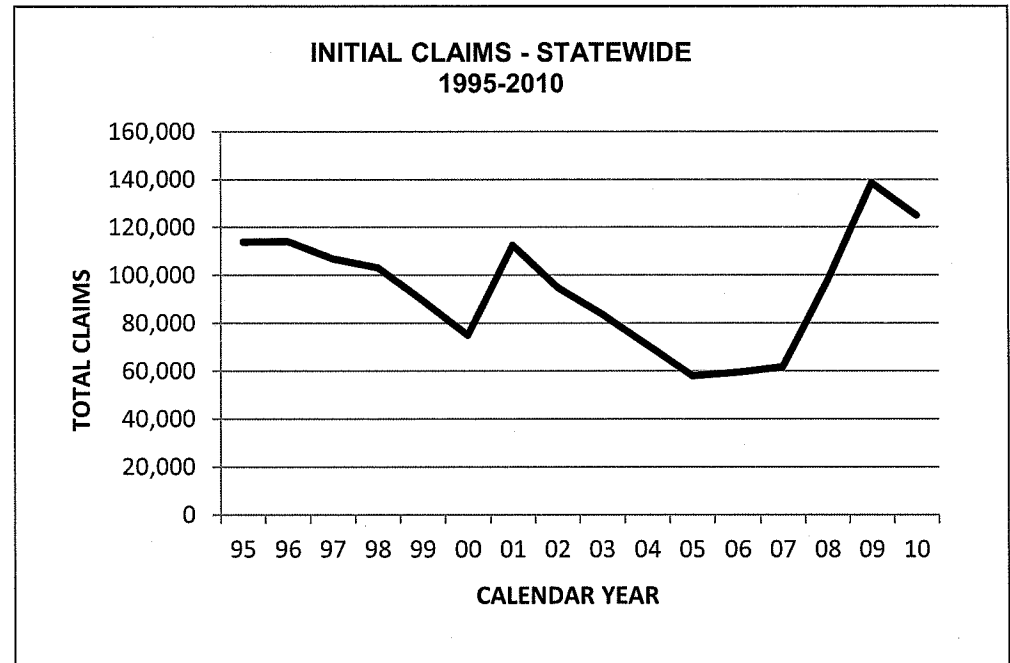
Initial Claims

Initial claims are notices of unemployment filed: (1) to request a determination of entitlement to and eligibility for compensation (ie, new claim, the first claim in a new benefit year; or transitional claims, a new claim filed the week following an expired claim); or (2) to begin a second or subsequent period of unemployment within a benefit year or period of eligibility (ie, additional claim). Initial claims consist of new, transitional (Tran), additional (Add), agent state and liable state claims. An agent state is the state in which a claimant files an interstate claim for compensation against another (liable) state where wages were earned. Agent state claims are filed in Hawaii against another state and liable state claims are filed against Hawaii by workers who have moved to another state.

Agent claim figures have sharply declined because most agent claimants now file their own claims directly with their home state, whereas Hawaii previously filed the claim for them.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	New	Tran	Add	Agent	Liable	Total
1995	50,099	2,763	45,017	4,244	11,849	113,972
1996	48,384	2,635	49,652	3,505	10,062	114,238
1997	44,895	2,303	49,546	2,175	8,079	106,998
1998	43,800	2,166	50,784	1,585	4,818	103,153
1999	36,890	1,866	45,731	1,147	3,850	89,484
2000	32,469	1,399	37,066	951	3,188	75,073
2001	60,039	1,570	46,587	712	3,702	112,610
2002	37,711	3,144	49,986	659	3,476	94,976
2003	37,434	2,717	39,894	593	3,161	83,799
2004	31,722	2,921	33,196	442	2,592	70,873
2005	27,584	2,162	25,300	321	2,629	57,996
2006	29,355	1,339	25,763	161	2,949	59,567
2007	30,701	1,376	26,419	89	3,195	61,780
2008	48,205	2,389	43,159	107	4,144	98,004
2009	54,077	5,708	74,409	162	4,221	138,577
2010	44,391	7,002	70,120	119	3,399	125,031



**UI - INITIAL CLAIMS
1995-2010**

Year	New	Tran	Add	Agent	Liabie	Total
1995	47,930	2,748	44,657	4,000	10,115	109,450
1996	46,093	2,616	49,289	3,338	8,633	109,969
1997	43,164	2,282	49,173	2,044	7,051	103,714
1998	42,322	2,147	50,464	1,502	4,366	100,801
1999	35,556	1,854	45,424	1,098	3,511	87,443
2000	31,165	1,386	36,730	903	2,845	73,029
2001	58,730	1,557	46,296	665	3,423	110,671
2002	36,541	3,126	49,674	574	3,223	93,138
2003	36,164	2,704	39,615	527	2,826	81,836
2004	30,567	2,903	32,931	402	2,359	69,162
2005	26,225	2,152	25,068	300	2,399	56,144
2006	27,863	1,330	25,413	148	2,731	57,485
2007	29,780	1,363	26,208	83	3,028	60,462
2008	47,365	2,380	43,000	98	3,986	96,829
2009	52,854	5,694	74,191	145	4,072	136,956
2010	42,776	6,953	69,607	104	3,214	122,654

**UCX - INITIAL CLAIMS
1995-2010**

Year	New	Tran	Add	Agent	Liabie	Total
1995	720	15	143	189	936	2,003
1996	997	19	165	130	698	2,009
1997	630	18	185	92	531	1,456
1998	561	18	150	62	400	1,191
1999	538	12	162	32	284	1,028
2000	571	12	169	32	261	1,045
2001	559	13	180	33	230	1,015
2002	423	16	209	34	219	901
2003	480	10	118	23	294	925
2004	375	15	133	13	200	736
2005	375	8	82	6	198	669
2006	288	7	86	5	167	553
2007	297	11	85	4	137	534
2008	221	6	69	2	138	436
2009	301	11	119	6	123	560
2010	540	39	291	5	160	1,035

**INITIAL CLAIMS BY LOCAL OFFICES
ALL PROGRAMS 2010**

Office	New	Tran	Add	Agent	Liabie	Total
HILO	4,041	575	7,871	4	0	12,491
HONOLULU	9,862	1,112	12,082	42	3,399	26,497
KANEOHE	3,596	519	5,152	7	0	9,274
MOLOKAI	401	103	717	2	0	1,223
KONA	2,994	344	4,004	7	0	7,349
LANAI	89	26	381	0	0	496
KAUAI	3,489	510	6,082	3	0	10,084
WAILUKU	5,553	1,923	11,269	5	0	18,750
WAIMEA	1,527	190	2,732	1	0	4,450
WAIPAHU	12,839	1,700	19,830	48	0	34,417

UCFE - INITIAL CLAIMS 1995-2010

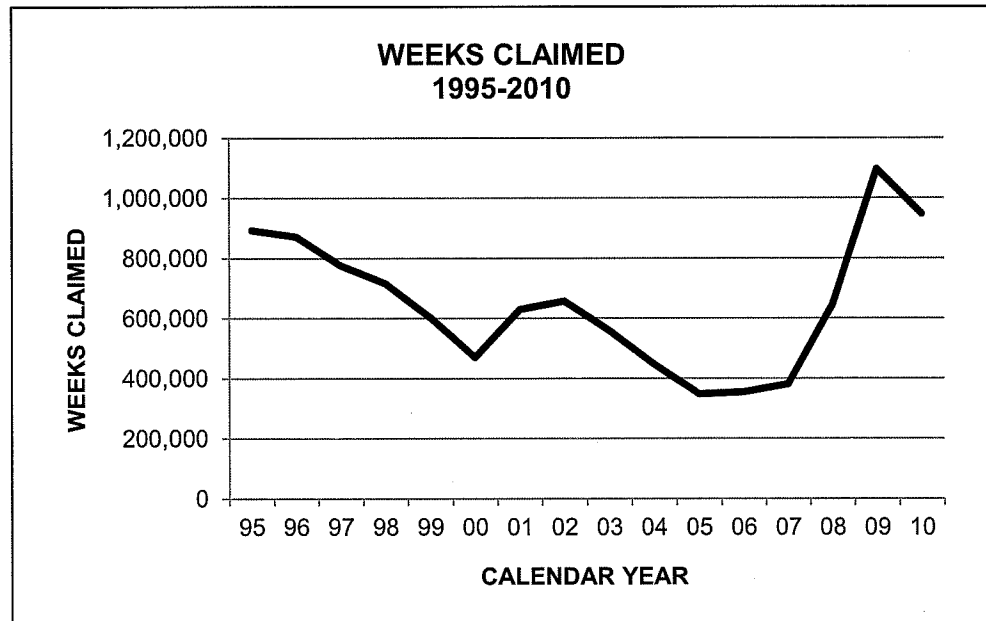
Year	New	Tran	Add	Agent	Liabie	Total
1995	1,449	0	217	55	798	2,519
1996	1,294	0	198	37	731	2,260
1997	1,101	3	188	39	497	1,828
1998	917	1	170	21	52	1,161
1999	796	0	145	17	55	1,013
2000	733	1	167	16	82	999
2001	750	0	111	14	49	924
2002	747	2	103	51	34	937
2003	790	3	161	43	41	1,038
2004	780	3	132	27	33	975
2005	984	2	150	15	32	1,183
2006	1,204	2	264	8	51	1,529
2007	624	2	126	2	30	784
2008	619	3	90	7	20	739
2009	922	3	99	11	26	1,061
2010	1,075	10	222	10	25	1,342

Weeks Claimed

Weeks claimed are requests for payment, whether or not benefits are actually paid. In 1998, agent claim figures have sharply declined because most agent claimants file their own claims directly with their home state, whereas Hawaii previously filed the claim for them.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Intra	Agent	Liabe	Total
1995	782,373	291	110,194	892,858
1996	776,087	268	96,029	872,384
1997	699,205	285	76,101	775,591
1998	652,301	72	64,483	716,856
1999	551,006	36	52,167	603,209
2000	429,423	6	40,970	470,399
2001	587,040	2	43,450	630,492
2002	607,907	0	49,963	657,870
2003	517,423	0	42,599	560,022
2004	411,883	0	36,080	447,963
2005	317,085	0	31,269	348,354
2006	323,003	0	31,784	354,787
2007	347,060	0	34,449	381,509
2008	597,821	0	48,410	646,231
2009	1,029,874	0	67,482	1,097,356
2010	891,715	0	55,931	947,646



**UI - WEEKS CLAIMED
1995-2010**

Year	Intra	Agent	Liabe	Total
1995	759,312	291	88,221	847,824
1996	751,320	268	75,428	827,016
1997	676,256	285	61,352	737,893
1998	634,162	72	52,414	686,648
1999	533,505	36	42,648	576,189
2000	412,626	6	33,312	445,944
2001	570,394	2	36,363	606,759
2002	592,014	0	43,562	635,576
2003	500,769	0	35,216	535,985
2004	396,823	0	30,302	427,125
2005	302,075	0	25,496	327,571
2006	304,519	0	26,639	331,158
2007	335,419	0	30,641	366,060
2008	587,804	0	44,567	632,371
2009	1,014,973	0	63,284	1,078,257
2010	864,959	0	50,307	915,266

**UCFE - WEEKS CLAIMED
1995-2010**

Year	Intra	Agent	Liabe	Total
1995	7,853	0	13,432	21,285
1996	10,313	0	10,701	21,014
1997	10,275	0	8,545	18,820
1998	7,283	0	8,338	15,621
1999	7,478	0	6,538	14,016
2000	7,501	0	5,509	13,010
2001	7,902	0	4,897	12,799
2002	6,374	0	4,208	10,582
2003	5,925	0	4,883	10,808
2004	4,830	0	3,580	8,410
2005	4,186	0	3,154	7,340
2006	3,473	0	2,441	5,914
2007	3,869	0	1,896	5,765
2008	2,475	0	2,130	4,605
2009	3,712	0	2,120	5,832
2010	7,667	0	2,667	10,334

**UCX - WEEKS CLAIMED
1995-2010**

Year	Intra	Agent	Liabe	Total
1995	15,208	0	8,541	23,749
1996	14,454	0	9,900	24,354
1997	12,674	0	6,204	18,878
1998	10,856	0	3,731	14,587
1999	10,023	0	2,981	13,004
2000	9,296	0	2,149	11,445
2001	8,744	0	2,190	10,934
2002	9,519	0	2,193	11,712
2003	10,729	0	2,500	13,229
2004	10,230	0	2,198	12,428
2005	10,824	0	2,619	13,443
2006	15,011	0	2,704	17,715
2007	7,772	0	1,912	9,684
2008	7,542	0	1,713	9,255
2009	11,189	0	2,078	13,267
2010	19,089	0	2,957	22,046

**WEEKS CLAIMED BY LOCAL OFFICES
ALL PROGRAMS 2010**

Office	Intra	Agent	Liabe	Total
HILO	86,714	0	0	86,714
HONOLULU	189,933	0	55,931	245,864
KANEOHE	71,606	0	0	71,606
MOLOKAI	7,919	0	0	7,919
KONA	63,587	0	0	63,587
LANAI	2,665	0	0	2,665
KAUAI	68,631	0	0	68,631
WAILUKU	136,023	0	0	136,023
WAIMEA	32,965	0	0	32,965
WAIPAHAU	231,672	0	0	231,672

First Payments

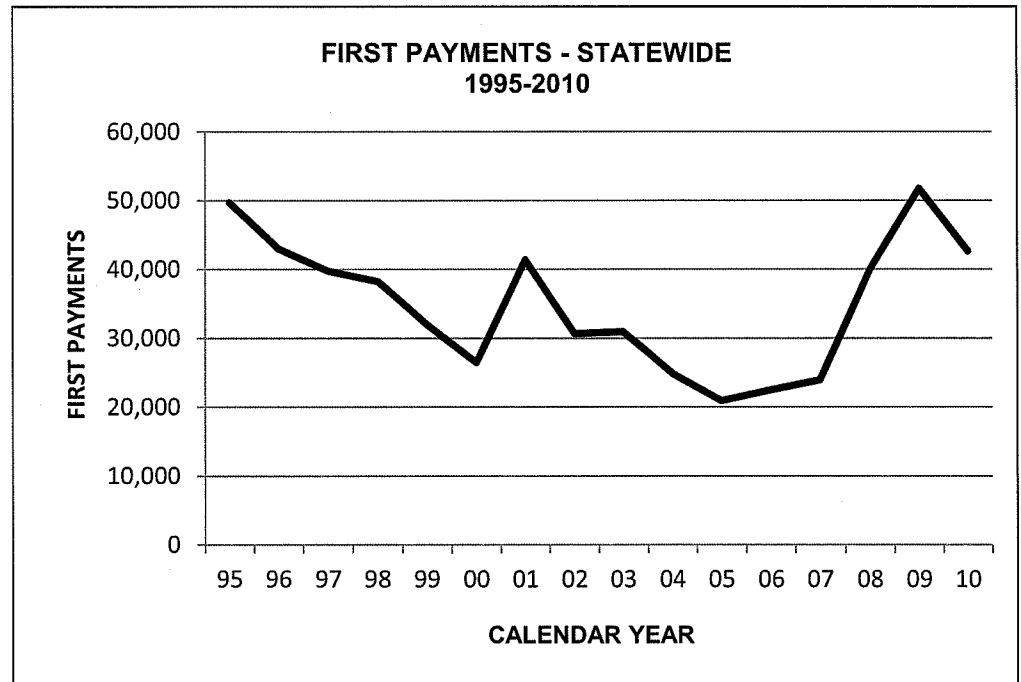
First payments are benefit payments issued for the first compensable week of a benefit year.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
1995	47,533	975	1,206	49,714
1996	41,056	945	1,050	43,051
1997	38,057	789	919	39,765
1998	36,819	723	740	38,282
1999	30,754	627	632	32,013
2000	25,247	645	587	26,479
2001	40,245	601	571	41,417
2002	29,626	473	609	30,708
2003	29,809	506	637	30,952
2004	23,921	371	597	24,889
2005	19,832	365	760	20,957
2006	21,320	284	915	22,519
2007	23,217	276	477	23,970
2008	39,333	225	484	40,042
2009	50,721	280	762	51,763
2010	41,236	521	894	42,651

LOCAL OFFICES - ALL PROGRAMS 2010

Office	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
HILO	3,800	59	34	3,893
HONOLULU	9,902	192	297	10,391
KANEOHE	3,145	30	91	3,266
MOLOKAI	406	2	3	411
KONA	2,585	19	11	2,615
LANAI	100	0	1	101
KAUAI	3,097	22	17	3,136
WAILUKU	5,919	37	18	5,974
WAIMEA	1,370	8	3	1,381
WAIPAHU	10,912	152	419	11,483



Prompt Payments

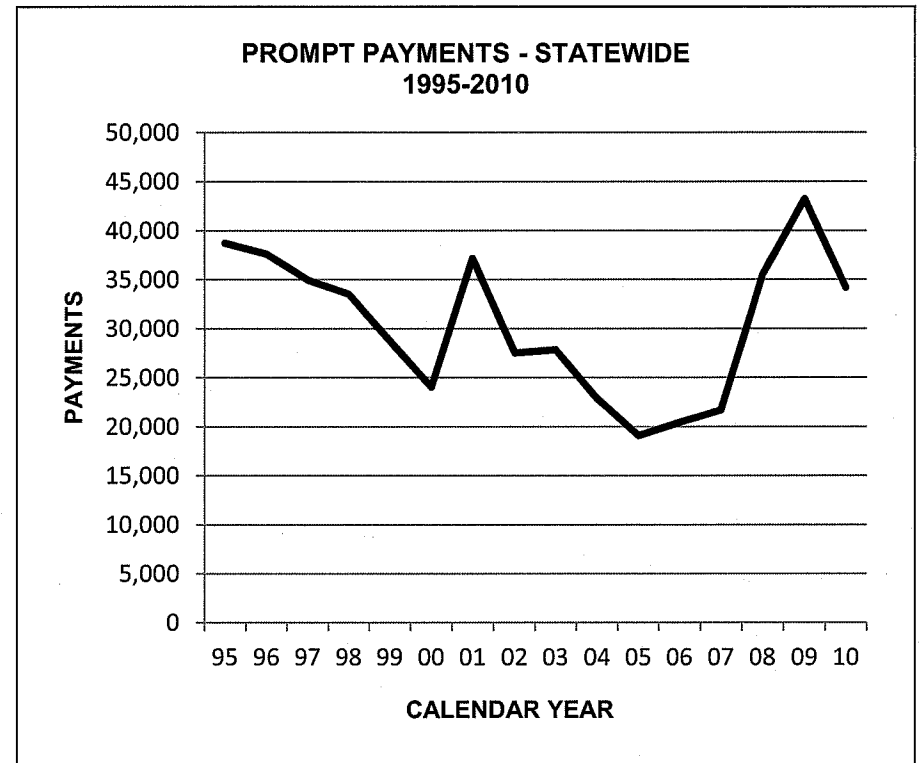
Prompt payments are first payments issued within 14 days from the week ending date of the first compensable claim. The table shows total prompt payments and prompt payments as a percentage of total first payments (Prompt/First).

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total	Prompt/First
1995	37,185	600	978	38,763	78.0
1996	36,130	627	883	37,640	87.4
1997	33,699	530	743	34,972	87.9
1998	32,402	477	646	33,525	87.6
1999	27,725	471	567	28,763	89.8
2000	22,953	558	538	24,049	90.8
2001	36,124	518	534	37,176	89.8
2002	26,576	403	560	27,539	89.7
2003	26,808	444	616	27,868	90.0
2004	21,991	321	575	22,887	92.0
2005	18,067	323	712	19,102	91.1
2006	19,325	244	866	20,435	90.7
2007	21,039	231	437	21,707	90.6
2008	34,875	183	437	35,495	88.6
2009	42,445	184	623	43,252	83.6
2010	33,172	315	700	34,187	80.2

LOCAL OFFICES - ALL PROGRAMS 2010

Office	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total	Prompt/First
HILO	3,105	27	29	3,161	81.2
HONOLULU	7,492	125	234	7,851	75.6
KANEOHE	2,526	21	58	2,605	79.8
MOLOKAI	358	2	3	363	88.3
KONA	2,115	8	7	2,130	81.5
LANAI	77	0	1	78	77.2
KAUAI	2,614	16	15	2,645	84.3
WAILUKU	4,882	24	12	4,918	82.3
WAIMEA	1,116	3	2	1,121	81.2
WAIPAHAU	8,887	89	339	9,315	81.1



Final Payments

A final payment is the last benefit payment received by a claimant who exhausts their entitlement for the benefit year. The exhaustion rate (Ex. Rate) is computed by dividing total final payments by total first payments. The exhaustion rate for 2010 was 51.6%.

STATEWIDE – ALL PROGRAMS

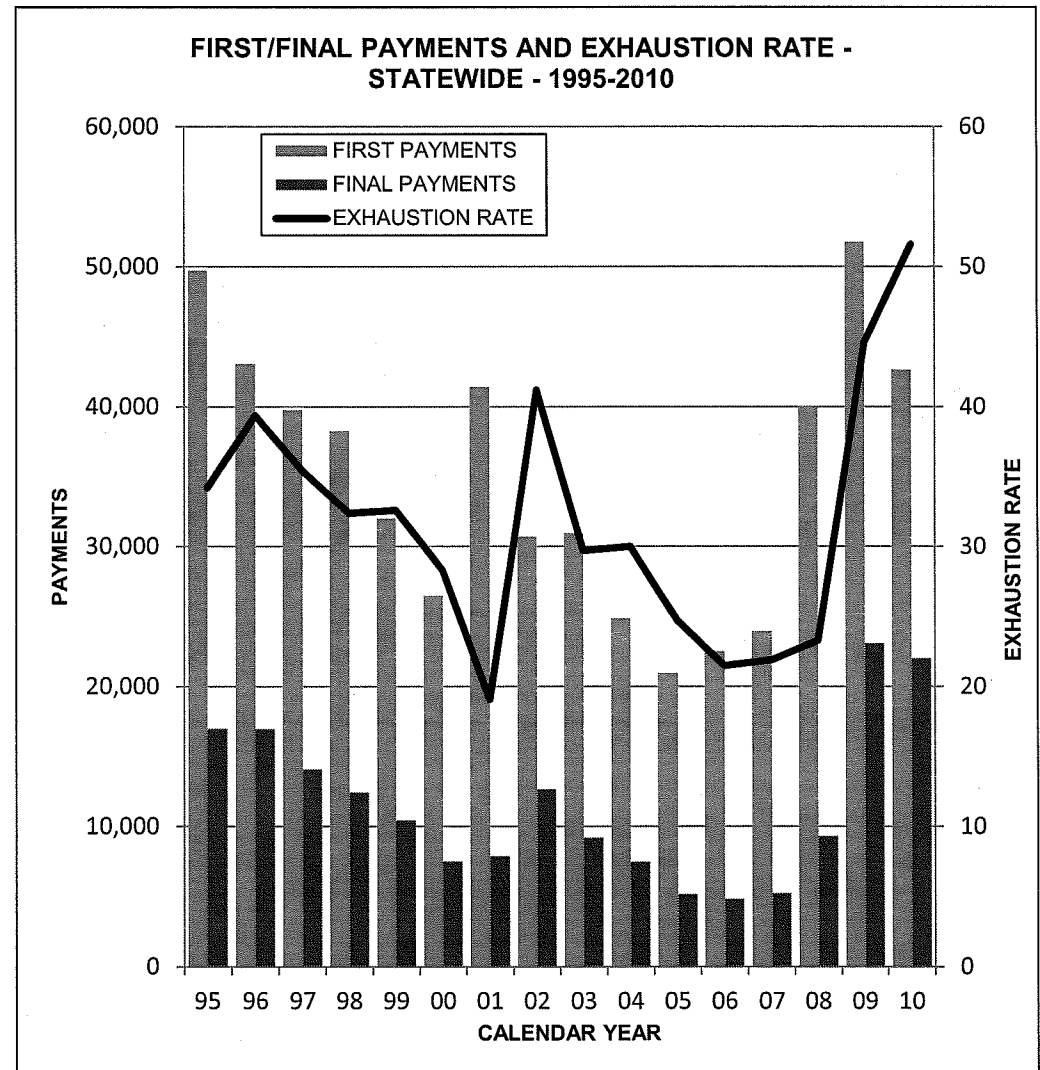
Year	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total	Ex. Rate
1995	16,152	429	407	16,988	34.2
1996	16,148	408	412	16,968	39.4
1997	13,286	436	351	14,073	35.4
1998	11,833	294	293	12,420	32.4
1999	9,921	281	242	10,444	32.6
2000	7,058	249	189	7,496	28.3
2001	7,478	263	155	7,896	19.1
2002	12,201	216	235	12,652	41.2
2003	8,702	226	260	9,188	29.7
2004	7,037	182	252	7,471	30.0
2005	4,868	107	191	5,166	24.7
2006	4,423	127	284	4,834	21.5
2007	4,972	112	166	5,250	21.9
2008	9,069	90	153	9,312	23.3
2009	22,743	112	230	23,085	44.6
2010	21,378	164	476	22,018	51.6

2002: Increase due to Sept. 11, 2001 claimants.

2009–2010: Increase due to National Recession in Dec. 2007 to June 2009.

COUNTY – ALL PROGRAMS 2010

County	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total	Ex. Rate
HAWAII	4,417	17	38	4,472	10.5
KAUAI	1,468	2	9	1,479	3.5
MAUI	3,586	2	12	3,600	8.4
OAHU	11,907	143	417	12,467	29.2



Weeks Compensated

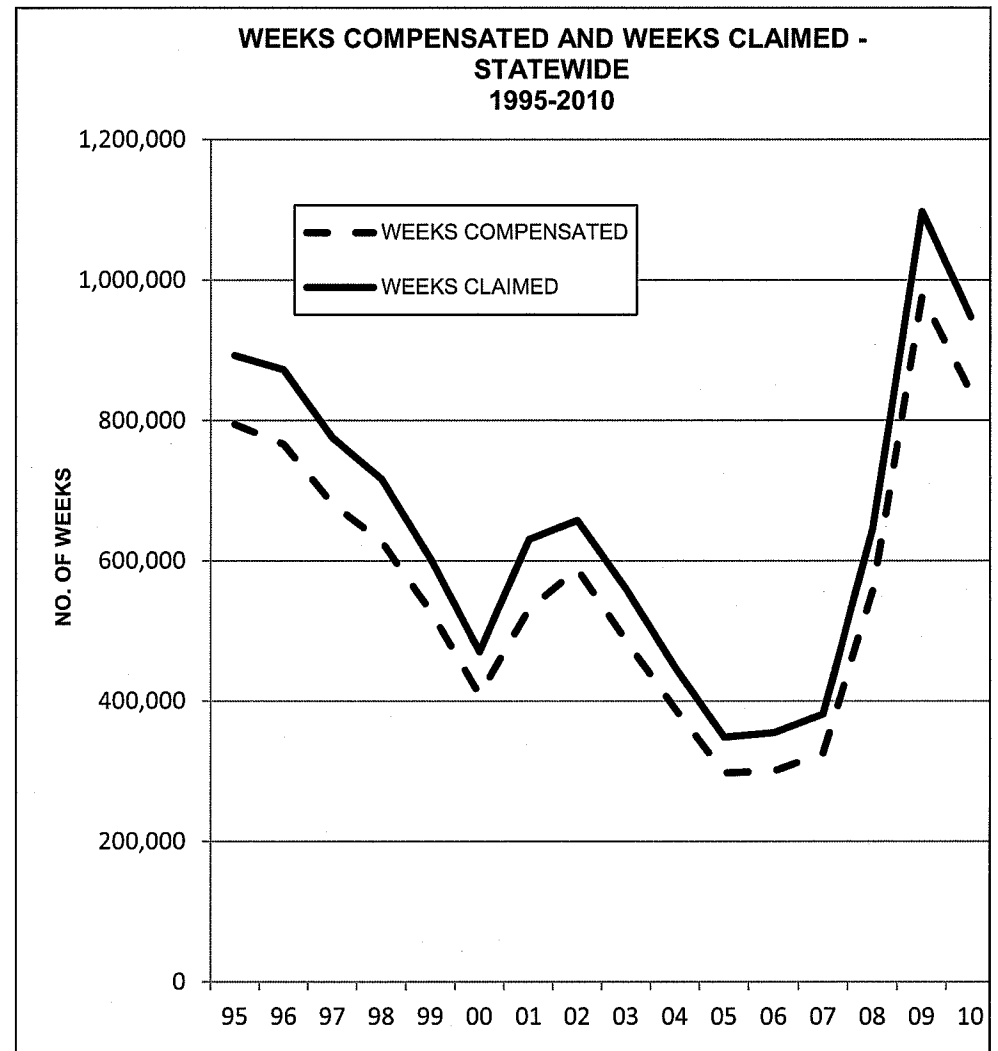
Weeks compensated are the number of requests for weekly payments that are actually paid.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
1995	754,620	18,497	21,362	794,479
1996	728,230	17,981	20,059	766,270
1997	648,053	16,372	16,853	681,278
1998	601,339	13,447	12,979	627,765
1999	505,009	12,146	11,589	528,744
2000	387,573	11,218	10,004	408,795
2001	510,626	11,297	9,620	531,543
2002	568,260	9,494	10,513	588,267
2003	465,462	9,382	11,809	486,653
2004	370,716	7,270	10,999	388,985
2005	279,965	6,153	11,632	297,750
2006	280,238	5,029	15,341	300,608
2007	312,105	4,984	8,438	325,527
2008	545,235	3,967	8,017	557,219
2009	959,765	4,773	11,484	976,022
2010	812,202	8,716	19,440	840,358

COUNTY - ALL PROGRAMS 2010

County	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
HAWAII	162,186	1,281	1,316	164,783
KAUAI	60,937	329	394	61,660
MAUI	131,896	457	593	132,946
OAHU	457,183	6,649	17,137	480,969



Benefit Payments

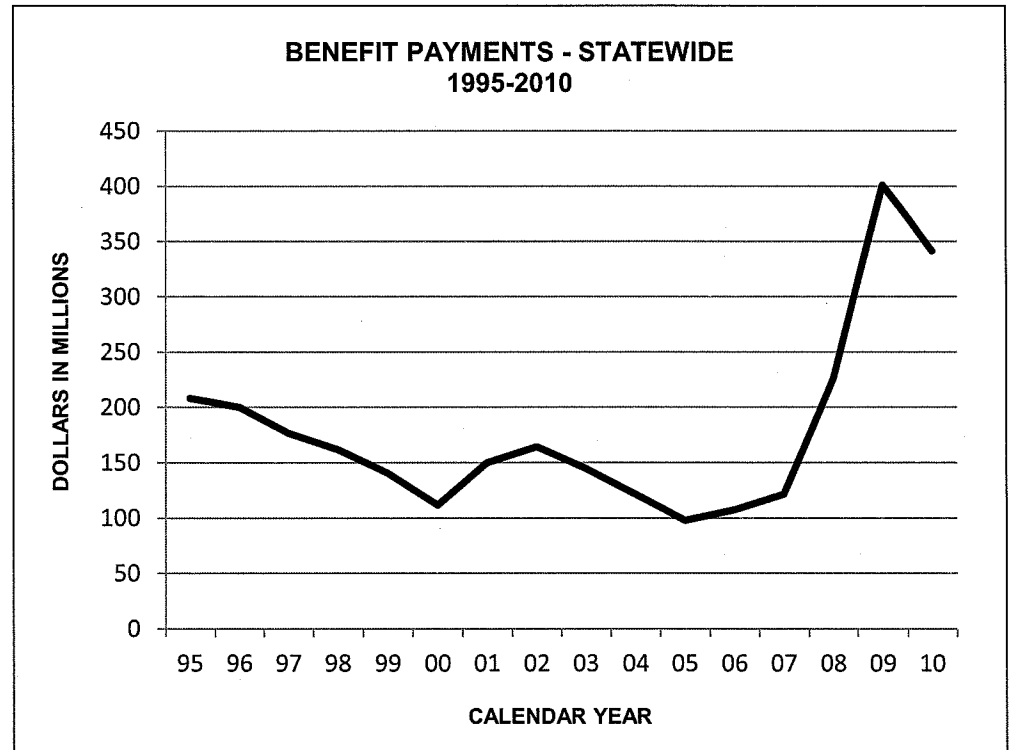
Benefit payments are the monies paid to claimants who are unemployed. Payments are the total gross amount of benefits issued on benefit checks and include claims filed in other states against Hawaii.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
1995	196,192,880	5,684,224	6,439,308	208,316,412
1996	188,199,752	5,735,151	6,114,942	200,049,845
1997	166,301,976	5,058,021	5,298,612	176,658,609
1998	153,646,413	4,196,102	4,170,083	162,012,598
1999	132,830,363	3,935,062	3,762,580	140,528,005
2000	104,413,397	3,724,159	3,527,542	111,665,098
2001	142,583,442	3,932,142	3,626,446	150,142,030
2002	157,022,983	3,376,895	4,100,425	164,500,303
2003	136,278,300	3,721,599	4,863,848	144,863,747
2004	113,592,614	3,013,513	4,637,818	121,243,945
2005	90,043,540	2,698,703	5,051,587	97,793,830
2006	97,817,139	2,245,909	7,192,130	107,255,178
2007	114,971,185	2,411,329	4,212,453	121,594,967
2008	219,995,215	2,110,014	4,081,546	226,186,775
2009	392,150,974	2,620,222	6,455,497	401,226,693
2010	325,811,504	4,594,008	11,139,281	341,544,793

COUNTY - ALL PROGRAMS 2010

County	UI	UCFE	UCX	Total
HAWAII	60,555,521	624,846	785,043	61,965,410
KAUAI	22,763,046	146,265	227,559	23,136,870
MAUI	52,295,252	188,503	341,353	52,825,108
OAHU	190,197,685	3,634,394	9,785,326	203,617,405

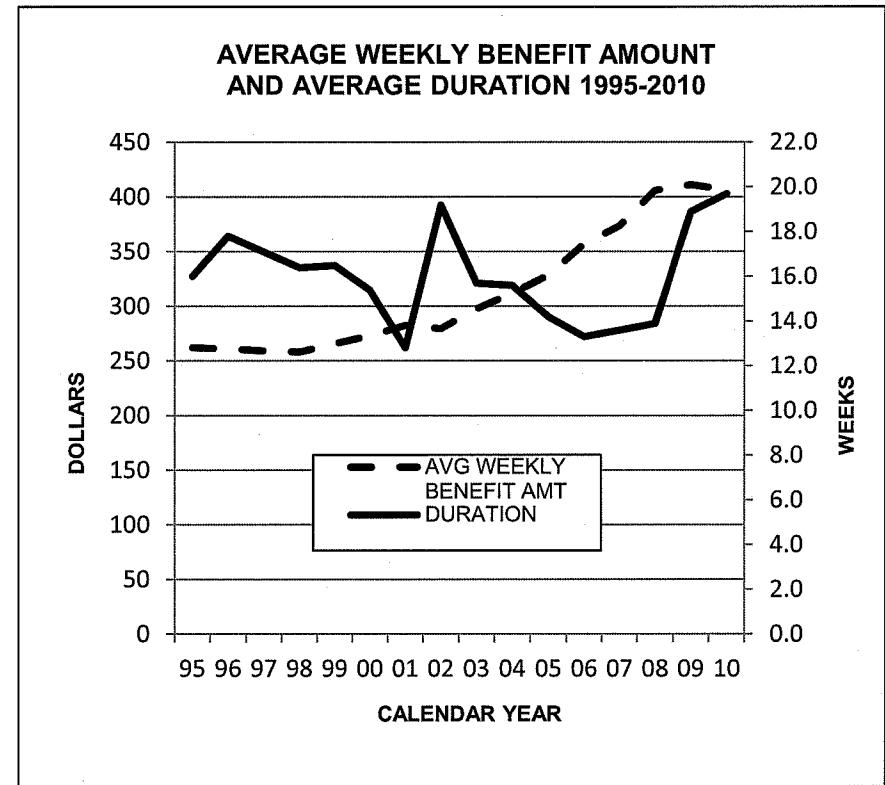


Average Weekly Benefit Amount and Average Duration

The average weekly benefit amount (AWBA) is computed by dividing total benefit payments by total weeks compensated in a year. The average benefit duration is computed by dividing weeks compensated by first payments. The number of weeks is the unit for average benefit duration.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Min	Max	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	Oahu	State	Duration
1995	5	344	233.33	264.23	262.54	268.94	262.21	16.0
1996	5	347	231.50	252.30	252.28	270.00	261.07	17.8
1997	5	351	236.54	245.89	259.36	266.24	259.30	17.1
1998	5	356	236.95	246.93	255.99	264.08	258.08	16.4
1999	5	364	241.34	242.12	262.09	274.09	265.78	16.5
2000	5	371	247.96	258.30	266.21	281.85	273.16	15.4
2001	5	383	257.83	268.12	281.37	289.72	282.46	12.8
2002	5	395	257.69	258.57	287.11	284.39	279.64	19.2
2003	5	407	283.93	281.53	298.77	301.85	297.67	15.7
2004	5	417	283.02	307.44	313.84	318.62	311.69	15.6
2005	5	436	302.96	312.38	319.85	337.01	328.44	14.2
2006	5	459	327.42	343.20	357.00	364.81	356.79	13.3
2007	5	475	353.19	367.38	389.76	376.47	373.53	13.6
2008	5	523	382.54	400.01	406.08	414.76	405.92	13.9
2009	5	545	388.24	395.58	404.24	423.60	411.08	18.9
2010	5	559	376.04	375.23	397.34	423.35	406.43	19.7



2002: Increase due to September 11, 2001 claimants.

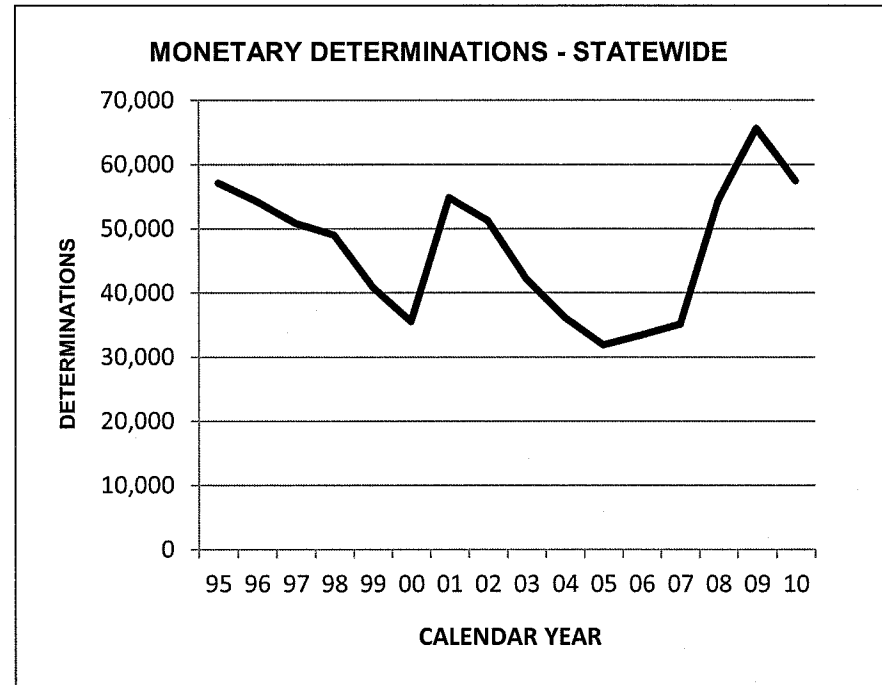
2009 – 2010: Increase due to national recession in December 2007 to June 2009.

Monetary Determinations

Monetary determinations are notices that inform claimants of their eligibility for compensation. The table provides eligible (Elig), ineligible (Inelig), total determinations eligible as a percentage of total (Elig/Total), determinations where the claimants are entitled to the maximum weekly benefit amount, and claimants entitled to the maximum as a percentage of the eligible determinations (Max/Elig).

STATEWIDE ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Elig	Inelig	Total	Elig/Total	Max	Max/Elig
1995	55,118	1,995	57,113	96.5	21,395	38.8
1996	52,732	1,518	54,250	97.2	20,520	38.9
1997	49,472	1,371	50,843	97.3	18,224	36.8
1998	47,620	1,415	49,035	97.1	17,893	37.6
1999	39,982	934	40,916	97.7	15,030	37.6
2000	34,651	925	35,576	97.4	13,402	38.7
2001	53,948	966	54,914	98.2	20,407	37.8
2002	49,165	2,153	51,318	95.8	23,314	47.4
2003	41,463	742	42,205	98.2	16,649	40.2
2004	33,856	2,288	36,144	93.7	13,529	40.0
2005	29,749	2,176	31,925	93.2	12,100	40.7
2006	31,307	2,153	33,460	93.6	13,346	42.6
2007	33,029	2,153	35,182	93.9	14,317	43.3
2008	51,555	2,828	54,383	94.8	20,329	39.4
2009	62,308	3,343	65,651	94.9	22,990	36.9
2010	53,061	4,440	57,501	92.3	18,086	34.1



Note: Monetary Determinations Data includes Alternative Base Period.

**UI - MONETARY DETERMINATIONS
1995-2010**

Year	Elig	Inelig	Total	Elig/Total	Max	Max/Elig
1995	52,661	1,674	54,335	96.9	20,824	39.5
1996	50,382	1,288	51,670	97.5	19,933	39.6
1997	47,459	1,207	48,666	97.5	17,781	37.5
1998	45,865	1,264	47,129	97.3	17,336	37.8
1999	38,446	827	39,273	97.9	14,480	37.7
2000	33,158	803	33,961	97.6	12,843	38.7
2001	52,485	870	53,355	98.4	19,821	37.8
2002	47,838	2,015	49,853	96.0	22,817	47.7
2003	40,013	634	40,647	98.4	15,828	39.6
2004	32,632	2,149	34,781	93.8	12,995	39.8
2005	28,304	2,057	30,361	93.2	11,072	39.1
2006	29,763	2,019	31,782	93.6	12,668	42.6
2007	32,048	2,048	34,096	94.0	13,619	42.5
2008	50,651	2,735	53,386	94.9	19,879	39.2
2009	60,980	3,210	64,190	95.0	22,346	36.6
2010	51,325	4,120	55,445	92.6	17,324	33.8

**MONETARY DETERMINATIONS BY COUNTY
ALL PROGRAMS 2010**

County	Elig	Inelig	Total	Elig/Total	Max	Max/Elig
HAWAII	9,468	843	10,311	91.8	2,426	25.6
KAUAI	3,794	409	4,203	90.3	1,033	27.2
MAUI	7,924	721	8,645	91.7	2,395	30.2
OAHU	31,875	2,467	34,342	92.8	12,232	38.4

**UCFE - MONETARY DETERMINATIONS
1995-2010**

Year	Elig	Inelig	Total	Elig/Total	Max	Max/Elig
1995	1,129	184	1,313	86.0	267	23.6
1996	1,168	105	1,273	91.8	366	31.3
1997	995	63	1,058	94.0	257	25.8
1998	913	53	966	94.5	266	29.1
1999	806	39	845	95.4	215	26.7
2000	808	50	858	94.2	259	32.1
2001	775	37	812	95.4	283	36.5
2002	636	57	693	91.8	193	30.3
2003	708	30	738	95.9	264	37.3
2004	534	35	569	93.8	196	36.7
2005	526	33	559	94.1	222	42.2
2006	413	46	459	90.0	154	37.3
2007	397	39	436	91.1	191	48.1
2008	311	45	356	87.4	115	37.0
2009	401	54	455	88.1	157	39.2
2010	680	209	889	76.5	205	30.1

**UCX - MONETARY DETERMINATIONS
1995-2010**

Year	Elig	Inelig	Total	Elig/Total	Max	Max/Elig
1995	1,328	137	1,465	90.6	304	22.9
1996	1,182	125	1,307	90.4	221	18.7
1997	1,018	101	1,119	91.0	186	18.3
1998	842	98	940	89.6	291	34.6
1999	730	68	798	91.5	335	45.9
2000	685	73	758	90.4	300	43.8
2001	688	59	747	92.1	303	44.0
2002	691	81	772	89.5	304	44.0
2003	742	78	820	90.5	557	75.1
2004	690	104	794	86.9	338	49.0
2005	919	86	1,005	91.4	806	87.7
2006	1,131	88	1,219	92.8	524	46.3
2007	584	66	650	89.8	507	86.8
2008	593	48	641	92.5	335	56.5
2009	927	79	1,006	92.1	487	52.5
2010	1,056	111	1,167	90.5	557	52.7

Nonmonetary Determinations

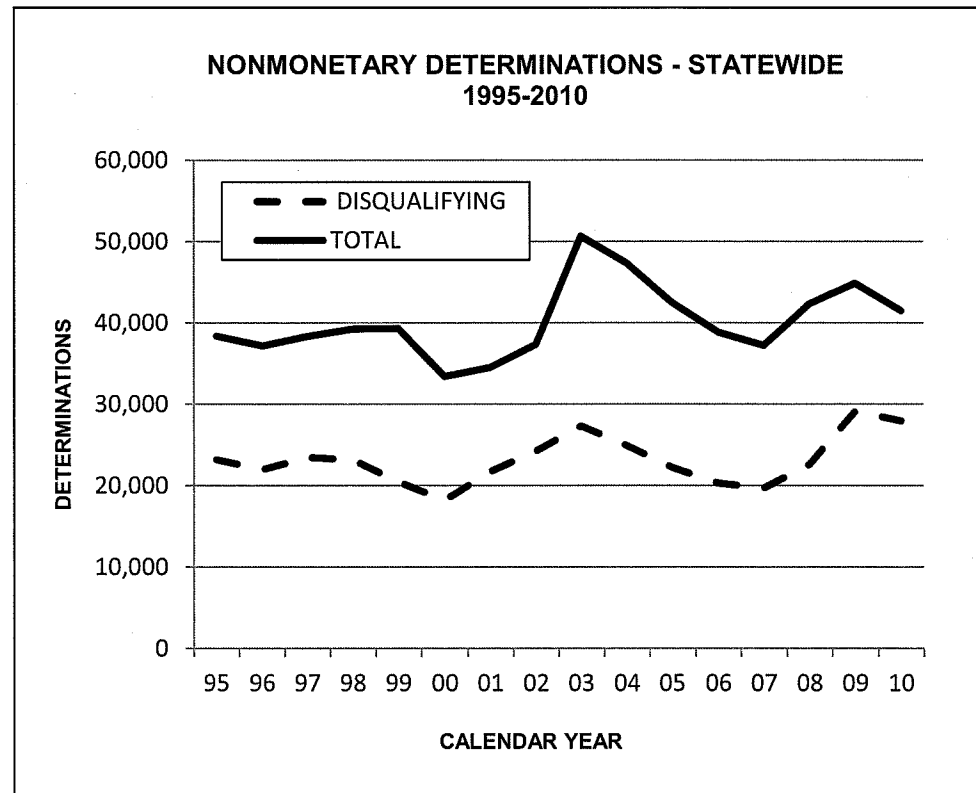
STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Disq	No Disq	Total	Disq/Total
1995	23,195	15,203	38,398	60.4%
1996	21,967	15,203	37,170	59.1%
1997	23,471	14,891	38,362	61.2%
1998	23,174	16,071	39,245	59.0%
1999	20,496	18,866	39,362	52.1%
2000	18,258	15,191	33,449	54.6%
2001	21,765	12,784	34,549	63.0%
2002	24,264	13,122	37,386	64.9%
2003	27,322	23,350	50,672	53.9%
2004	24,925	22,455	47,380	52.6%
2005	22,263	20,265	42,528	52.3%
2006	20,320	18,564	38,884	52.3%
2007	19,726	17,534	37,260	52.9%
2008	22,648	19,711	42,359	53.5%
2009	29,128	15,771	44,899	64.9%
2010	27,948	13,560	41,508	67.3%

LOCAL OFFICES - ALL PROGRAMS 2010

Office	Disq	No Disq	Total	Disq/Total
HILO	3,853	1,152	5,005	77.0%
HONOLULU	8,156	4,458	12,614	64.7%
KANEOHE	484	244	728	66.5%
MOLOKAI	6	5	11	54.5%
KONA	2,212	1,474	3,686	60.0%
LANAI	1	2	3	33.3%
KAUAI	2,133	1,173	3,306	64.5%
WAILUKU	3,773	1,850	5,623	67.1%
WAIMEA	11	12	23	47.8%
WAIPAHU	7,319	3,190	10,509	69.6%

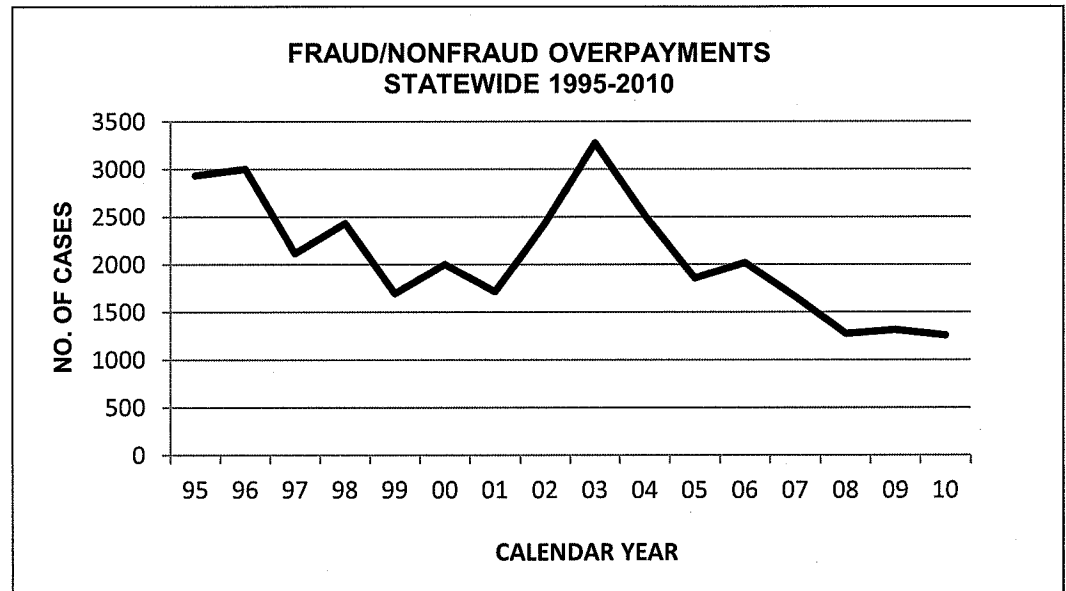
Nonmonetary determinations are decisions made when possible disqualifying (Disq) issues (voluntary quit, misconduct, work refusal, etc.) to a claim arise. A claimant can have more than one determination when there is more than one existing issue or when a redetermination has been made on his or her claim.



Overpayments and Fraud

Overpayments are benefit payments made in excess of what the claimants are entitled to receive. Fraud is willful misrepresentation in order to receive benefits to which not entitled.

Non-fraud (NF) is an overpayment not due to willful misrepresentation (employer, claimant or state error, reversals, etc.)



STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

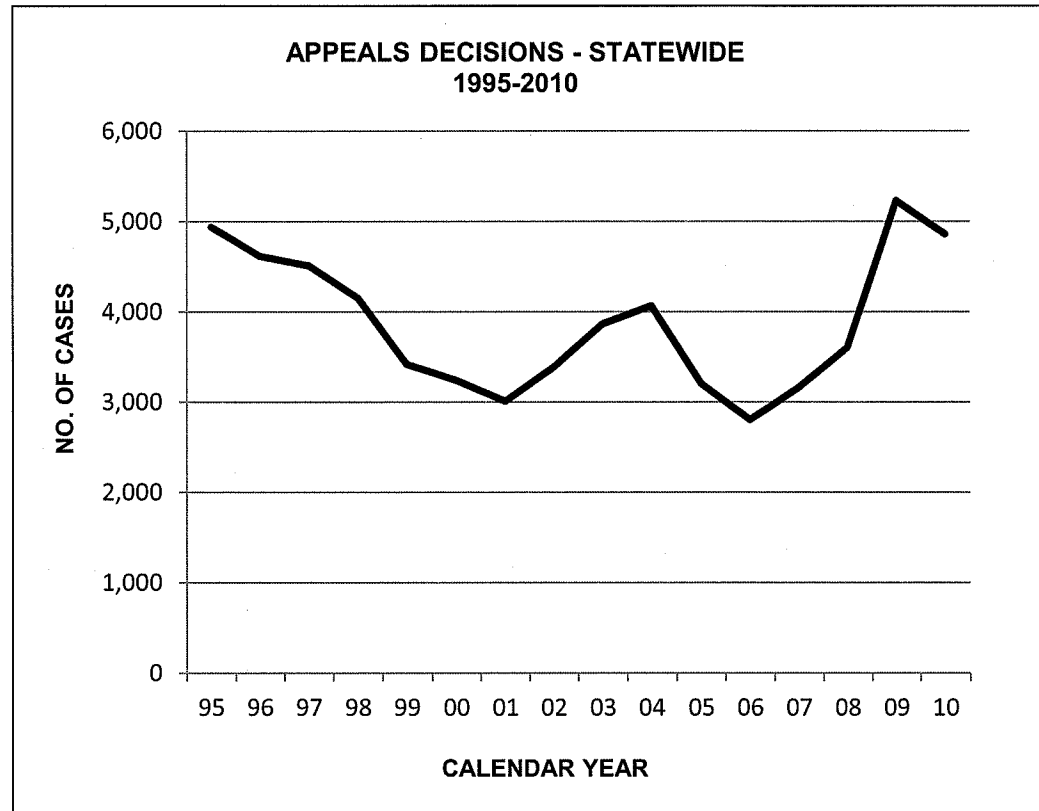
Year	FRAUD				NON-FRAUD				TOTAL			
	#	\$	Avg \$	\$ Rec	#	\$	NF \$	\$ Rec	#	\$	Avg \$	Rec \$
1995	320	270,203	844	115,335	2,618	1,148,508	439	389,417	2,938	1,418,711	483	504,752
1996	443	422,833	954	170,784	2,562	1,213,881	474	420,903	3,005	1,636,714	545	591,687
1997	307	280,087	912	161,864	1,812	751,518	415	428,558	2,119	1,031,605	487	590,422
1998	361	301,491	835	163,000	2,073	770,802	372	442,040	2,434	1,072,293	441	605,040
1999	187	286,442	1,532	177,998	1,510	641,030	425	345,806	1,697	927,472	547	523,804
2000	288	343,120	1,191	153,108	1,714	668,287	390	362,908	2,002	1,011,407	505	516,016
2001	276	289,225	1,048	164,121	1,440	548,447	381	366,461	1,716	837,672	488	530,582
2002	300	350,452	1,168	201,444	2,136	875,901	410	438,600	2,436	1,226,353	503	640,044
2003	345	532,730	1,544	194,484	2,934	1,360,568	464	634,414	3,279	1,893,298	577	828,898
2004	385	524,646	1,363	215,445	2,130	1,050,598	493	539,536	2,515	1,575,244	626	754,981
2005	250	356,005	1,424	215,817	1,610	829,185	515	463,406	1,860	1,185,190	637	679,223
2006	359	444,243	1,237	319,440	1,660	830,908	501	501,832	2,019	1,275,151	632	821,272
2007	258	349,943	1,356	242,115	1,404	767,766	547	469,707	1,662	1,117,709	673	711,822
2008	258	409,191	1,586	254,222	1,019	687,553	675	457,944	1,277	1,096,744	859	712,166
2009	173	463,108	2,677	254,514	1,143	803,031	703	572,274	1,316	1,266,139	962	826,789
2010	202	438,337	2,170	207,297	1,055	917,684	870	566,403	1,257	1,356,021	1,079	773,700

Appeals

Appeals are requests for review on benefit claims, status reports or contribution rates. Appeals may be filed by claimants or employers when there is a disagreement on a determination. Appeals must be filed within ten days of notice of determination.

STATEWIDE - ALL PROGRAMS

Year	Filed	Decision	Pending
1995	5,060	4,940	879
1996	4,559	4,617	811
1997	4,423	4,510	725
1998	4,204	4,152	780
1999	3,273	3,419	629
2000	3,027	3,240	381
2001	3,192	3,011	563
2002	3,645	3,388	810
2003	4,011	3,869	951
2004	3,617	4,068	485
2005	3,134	3,205	404
2006	2,898	2,806	495
2007	3,025	3,163	327
2008	3,738	3,607	421
2009	5,185	5,231	371
2010	4,803	4,861	315



Section IV – FINANCING ITEMS

Unemployment Compensation Fund

The Hawaii Employment Security Law, Chapter 383 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, establishes the Unemployment Compensation Fund under the administration of the Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations. Unemployment insurance contributions (taxes) collected from employers are deposited into this fund and unemployment insurance benefits are paid from the fund. Also credited to the fund is interest earned on the reserves. The fund balance is the total assets of the Unemployment Compensation Fund available for the payment of benefits.

STATEWIDE

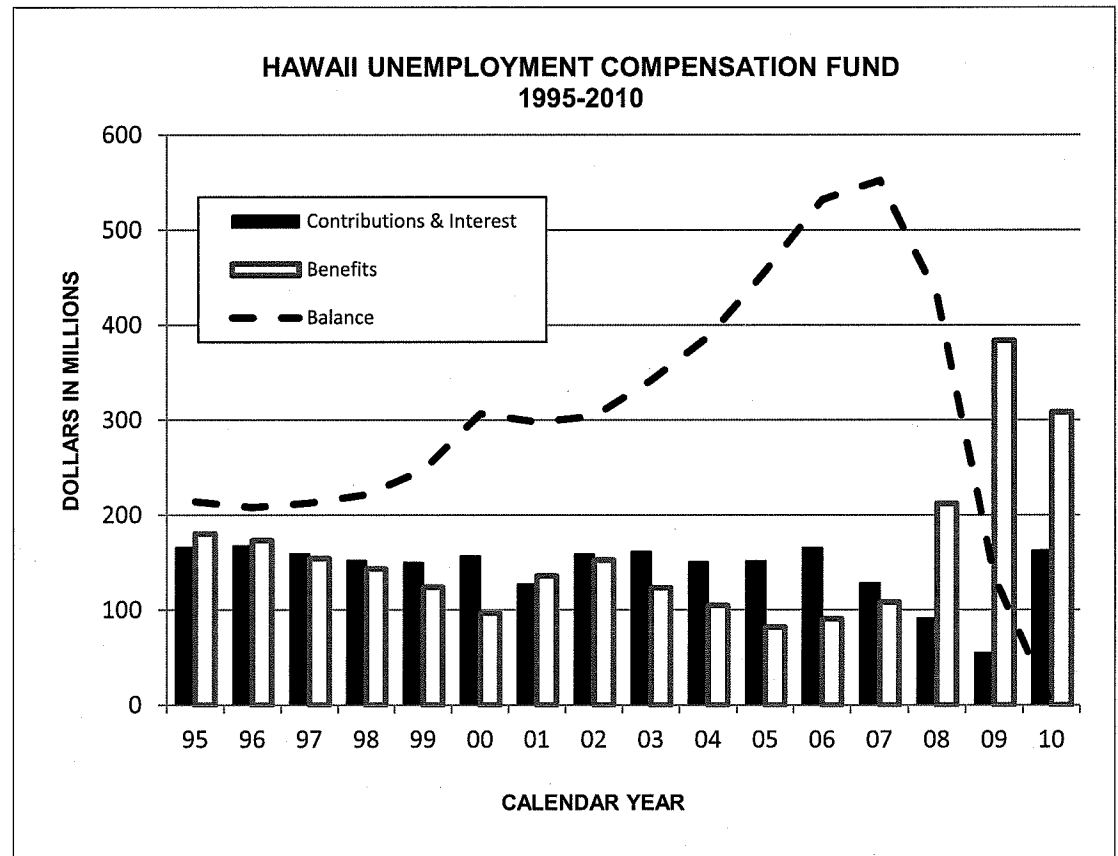
Year	Taxes	Interest	Benefits	Balance
1995	149,987,134	15,726,623	180,415,611	214,213,648
1996	152,380,464	14,895,600	173,253,827	208,235,885
1997	144,222,575	14,684,131	154,230,113	212,912,478
1998	136,810,347	15,127,100	143,328,098	221,521,827
1999	134,131,635	15,664,963	124,095,760	247,222,664
2000	138,864,951	17,827,784	96,907,515	307,007,884
2001	106,258,116	21,053,891	136,079,501	298,240,390
2002	103,792,627	24,197,242	152,720,350	304,270,957
2003	146,988,722	14,384,637	123,598,987	342,045,329
2004	124,597,435	26,013,933	104,691,814	387,964,883
2005	130,189,151	21,414,589	82,326,105	457,242,518
2006	142,228,344	23,278,588	90,605,807	532,143,643
2007	108,436,807	19,844,530	108,240,732	552,184,248
2008	59,397,972	31,509,125	212,332,417	430,758,928
2009	42,076,039	12,684,653	383,857,974	134,368,851
2010	160,866,114	1,916,579	308,723,682	0

Fund Balance Notes:

2002: Includes special distribution of \$30,761,048 in federal Reed Act Funds.

2009: Includes \$32,707,205 in federal ARRA (American Recovery & Reinvestment Act) receipts, minus \$10,006,925 in Reed Act withdrawals.

2010: In December 2010, the fund balance was depleted and Hawaii began to take out Title XII loans from the US Treasury. Includes minus \$3,550,489 in Reed Act withdrawals.



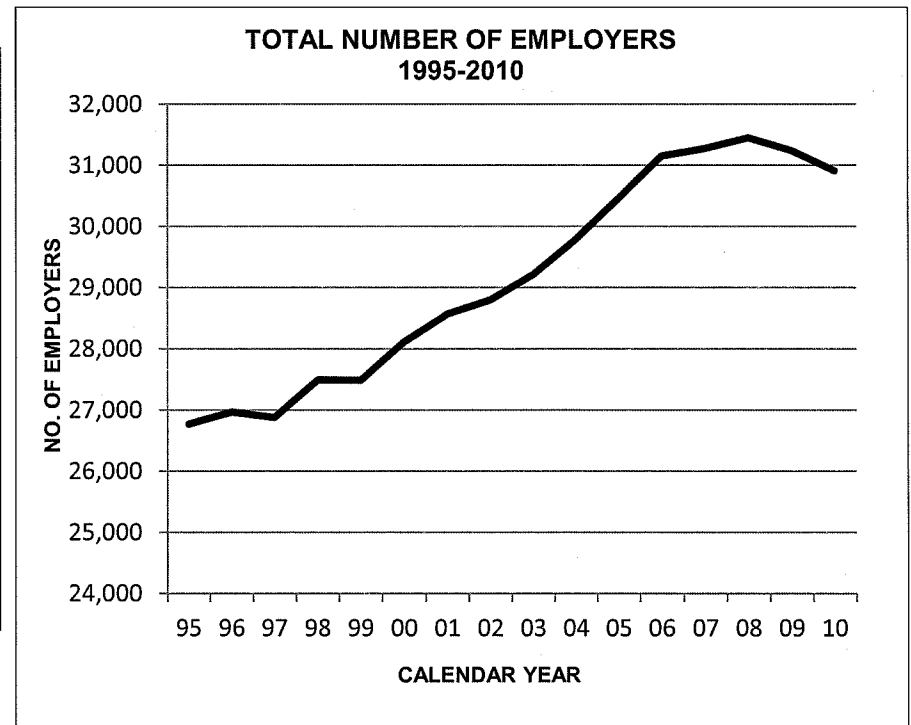
Employers

Successors are employers who acquire the experience records of other employers. A new account is an employer newly liable under the law. Terminations are the number of employers who terminated coverage during the year.

Contributing employers are those covered by the contribution provisions of the law. These employers' tax rates are based on a measure of the employers' experience with unemployment, with an insurance element of some sharing of costs among employers. Reimbursable employers which include nonprofit organizations and state and county government finance 100% of the benefits paid to their former employees; there is no sharing of costs involved. The total number of covered employers is a sum of contributing and reimbursable employers.

STATEWIDE

Year	Successor	New Accts	Terminations	Contributing	Reimbursable	Total
1995	276	3,874	3,953	26,628	147	26,775
1996	267	3,992	3,746	26,825	149	26,974
1997	415	3,622	3,933	26,725	156	26,881
1998	238	3,242	3,222	27,343	153	27,496
1999	216	3,563	3,888	27,337	152	27,489
2000	230	3,745	3,521	27,953	159	28,112
2001	305	3,811	4,080	28,401	168	28,569
2002	322	3,555	3,994	28,624	176	28,800
2003	294	3,658	4,010	29,029	188	29,217
2004	285	3,698	3,754	29,595	196	29,791
2005	288	3,763	3,794	30,266	200	30,466
2006	271	3,813	3,789	30,950	202	31,152
2007	294	3,611	4,185	31,075	206	31,281
2008	243	3,475	3,973	31,253	199	31,452
2009	163	3,188	3964	31,042	200	31,242
2010	137	3,128	4018	30,670	243	30,913



Taxable Wages

Taxable wages and other factors determine the amount of unemployment insurance taxes employers pay.

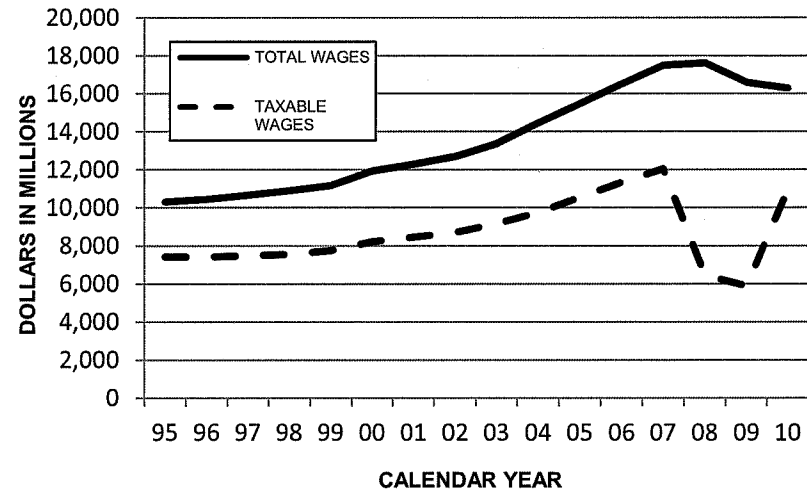
Total wages are annual payrolls of employers covered by the unemployment insurance law. Taxable wages are the part of total wages employers pay taxes on. This amount is limited by the taxable wage base. The taxable wage base is the maximum amount of wages taxable per employee per year.

The Legislature enacted special laws covering 2008 through 2010 to reduce the taxable wage base. The net effect was to lessen taxes and reduce the unemployment compensation fund.

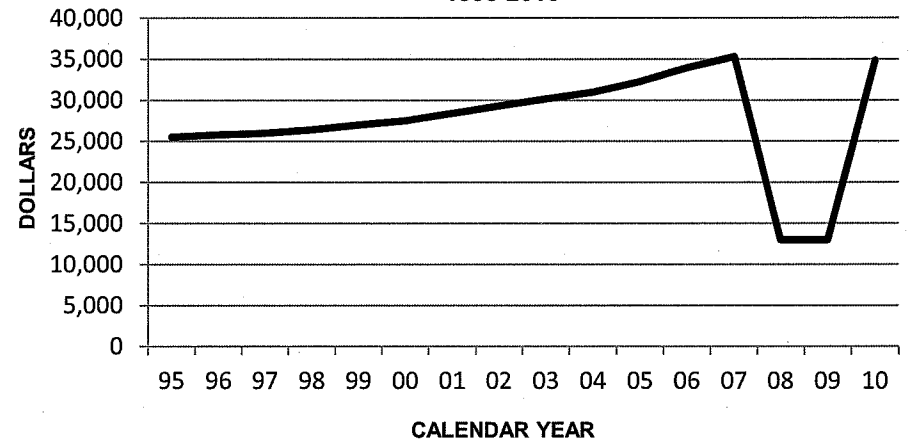
STATEWIDE

Year	Total	Taxable	% Tax of total	Base
1995	10,320,158,899	7,411,024,845	72	25,500
1996	10,443,561,580	7,420,054,226	71	25,800
1997	10,675,517,263	7,483,098,627	70	26,000
1998	10,899,921,524	7,560,072,702	69	26,400
1999	11,180,959,288	7,748,893,876	69	27,000
2000	11,945,344,421	8,209,730,134	69	27,500
2001	12,299,179,723	8,455,669,860	69	28,400
2002	12,701,746,952	8,701,690,997	69	29,300
2003	13,376,170,472	9,155,378,879	68	30,200
2004	14,461,560,596	9,752,243,796	67	31,000
2005	15,471,398,437	10,545,452,082	68	32,300
2006	16,520,578,034	11,353,002,832	69	34,000
2007	17,508,474,137	12,056,590,692	69	35,300
2008	17,626,344,437	6,452,926,682	37	13,000
2009	16,587,402,171	5,891,874,889	36	13,000
2010	16,292,046,203	10,916,560,473	67	34,900

**TOTAL AND TAXABLE WAGES
1995-2010**



**TAXABLE WAGE BASE
1995-2010**

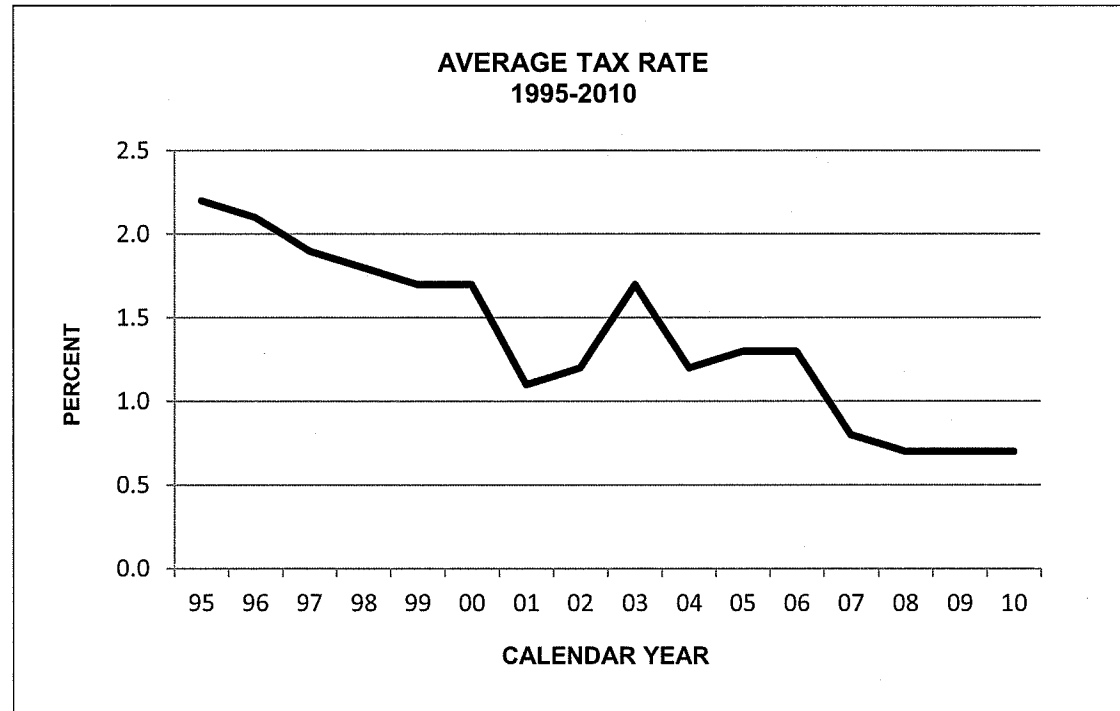


Tax Rates

Tax rates are involved in computing employer unemployment insurance taxes. Tax rates vary by each employer and are influenced by the amount of unemployment experienced by the employer.

STATEWIDE

Year	Minimum	Maximum	Average
1995	0.2	5.4	2.2
1996	0.2	5.4	2.1
1997	0.2	5.4	1.9
1998	0.2	5.4	1.8
1999	0.2	5.4	1.7
2000	0.2	5.4	1.7
2001	0.0	5.4	1.1
2002	0.0	5.4	1.2
2003	0.2	5.4	1.7
2004	0.0	5.4	1.2
2005	0.0	5.4	1.3
2006	0.0	5.4	1.3
2007	0.0	5.4	0.8
2008	0.0	5.4	0.7
2009	0.0	5.4	0.7
2010	0.2	5.4	1.8



Adequate Reserve Fund

The adequate reserve fund is also considered in determining employer taxes. The adequate reserve fund is the amount needed to maintain trust fund solvency. Trust fund solvency ensures payment of benefits at the highest level of unemployment experienced in the last ten years.

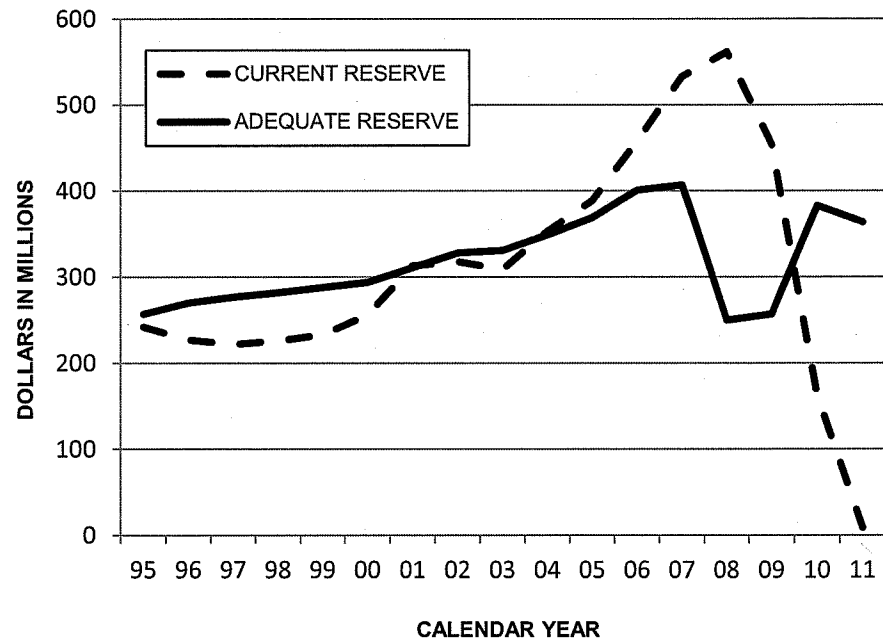
High rate is the highest benefit cost rate over the last ten years. The benefit cost rate is computed monthly by dividing total benefits paid by total wages. Adequate reserve is computed by multiplying the highest benefit cost rate by total wages. From 1992 to 2007 it was 1.5 times this amount. Current reserve is the actual unemployment compensation fund balance as of November 30.

The ratio is a comparison of the current reserve to the adequate reserve. One of eight tax schedules, A through H, triggers on each year depending on this ratio. Schedule A contains the lowest tax rates and schedule H contains the highest rate. Special legislation set the schedule without regard to the ratio to C in 2002, D in 2010, and F in 2011.

STATEWIDE

Year	High Rate	Adequate Reserve	Current Reserve	Ratio	Schedule
1995	1.65	257,027,177	241,892,817	0.94	D
1996	1.73	269,915,343	226,972,601	0.84	D
1997	1.78	277,443,983	222,340,367	0.80	D
1998	1.78	281,812,669	226,036,037	0.80	D
1999	1.78	287,882,698	233,020,224	0.81	D
2000	1.78	294,386,337	256,407,449	0.87	D
2001	1.78	311,349,465	313,480,166	1.01	C
2002	1.78	328,268,808	317,703,649	0.97	C
2003	1.78	331,413,842	309,477,079	0.93	D
2004	1.78	348,975,403	352,679,746	1.01	C
2005	1.78	369,005,054	389,302,103	1.06	C
2006	1.78	401,370,407	457,851,939	1.14	C
2007	1.67	407,263,847	532,892,238	1.31	B
2008	1.46	249,856,112	561,709,268	2.25	A
2009	1.44	256,821,022	454,058,555	1.77	A
2010	2.20	383,047,719	161,906,928	0.42	D
2011	2.22	364,089,131	9,413,687	0.03	F

**CURRENT AND ADEQUATE RESERVE AMOUNTS
1995-2011**



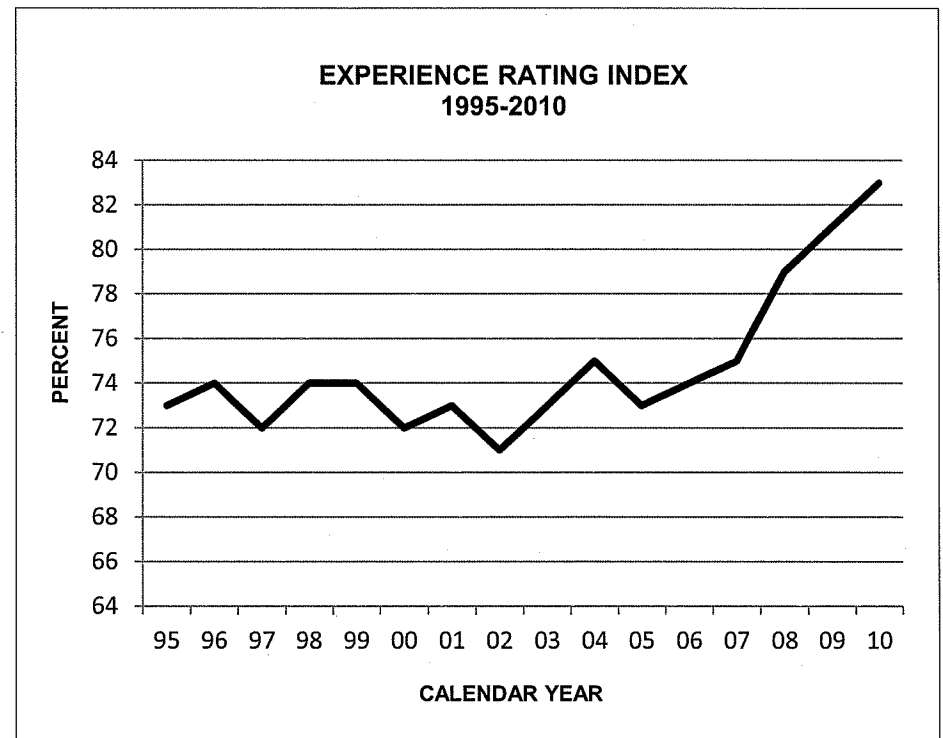
Experience Rating Index

Experience rating means that each employer is assigned an unemployment insurance contribution (tax) rate according to some measure of the level of unemployment experienced by former employees. The Experience Rating Index (ERI) is a ratio showing the proportion of total benefits that results in the funding of benefits through individual employer experiences. The portion of benefits not funded through experience rating must be paid for on a socialized basis by all employers.

Benefit data shown below are for contributing employers only. Dollar amounts are in millions of dollars. The ERI is equal to the benefits charged to active employer accounts (Active Charges) divided by Total Benefits. Also shown are the benefits that do not affect experience rating. These are benefits charged to terminated accounts (Term Charges) and benefits not charged to specific employers for various reasons (Non-charges). Benefits charged to terminated accounts cannot be recouped from these employers as they no longer pay any taxes. The cost of non-charged benefits are socialized among all employers as no single employer is held accountable for such benefits. Benefits are non-charged when the unemployed claimant voluntarily quits, is discharged for misconduct, is enrolled in approved training, or is qualified for benefits only as a result of combining Hawaii employment with employment performed in another state.

STATEWIDE

Year	Total Benefits \$	Active Charges \$	ERI	Term Charges	% TC of Total	Non-charges \$	% NC of Total
1995	178.9	130.3	73	17.6	10	30.9	17
1996	171.7	126.7	74	18.7	11	26.2	15
1997	153.8	110.1	72	21.4	14	22.3	14
1998	142.4	105.7	74	16.2	11	20.5	14
1999	123.2	90.7	74	13.7	11	18.8	15
2000	96.1	69.4	72	10.3	11	16.4	17
2001	132.9	97.2	73	12.7	10	22.9	17
2002	144.7	102.4	71	17.7	12	24.6	17
2003	122.2	89.6	73	13.3	11	19.3	16
2004	103.7	78.2	75	9.3	9	16.2	16
2005	81.8	59.5	73	7.5	9	14.8	18
2006	90.1	66.3	74	6.4	7	17.4	19
2007	107.6	80.5	75	7.4	7	19.7	18
2008	211.2	166.4	79	13.1	6	31.7	15
2009	374.1	304.0	81	27.6	7	42.5	11
2010	304.9	251.9	83	24.3	8	28.7	9



LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

Labor force estimates are the most current estimate of total employment and unemployment for the State of Hawaii. Information in the table is rounded to the nearest 50. Civilian Labor Force (CLF) is the sum of the total employed and unemployed individuals. Unemployment (UNEMP) refers to persons not working but are able and available to work. The total unemployment rate (TUR) is calculated by dividing the number of unemployed individuals by the civilian labor force. Employment (EMPLT) refers to the number of persons working.

Labor force estimates are found on the Hawaii Workforce Informer (HIWI) website, located at www.hiwi.org. This site offers economic and labor market information for the State of Hawaii, including data on wages, unemployment, employment, jobs, careers and training.

STATEWIDE

Year	CLF	Unemp	TUR(%)	Emp
1995	589,500	32,450	5.5	557,050
1996	596,750	35,050	5.9	561,700
1997	601,650	34,900	5.8	566,750
1998	604,300	34,150	5.7	570,150
1999	606,650	30,350	5.0	576,300
2000	609,000	24,150	4.0	584,850
2001	615,250	26,050	4.2	589,200
2002	608,950	24,600	4.0	584,350
2003	616,300	23,850	3.9	592,450
2004	618,150	19,950	3.2	598,200
2005	627,100	17,250	2.8	609,850
2006	633,500	15,700	2.5	617,800
2007	634,800	16,900	2.7	617,900
2008	639,650	25,850	4.0	613,800
2009	631,800	43,100	6.8	588,650
2010	629,050	41,600	6.6	587,400

COUNTY 2010

County	CLF	Unemp	TUR(%)	Emp
HAWAII	83,250	8,150	9.8	75,150
KAUAI	31,850	2,800	8.7	29,050
MAUI	74,900	6,250	8.3	68,700
OAHU	439,000	24,500	5.6	414,500

Data for 2006-2010 have been benchmarked.

Data reflect population controls and model re-estimation through 2010.

Source: Dept. of Labor & Industrial Relations, Research & Statistics, Labor Force Section

Appendices

Coverage History

- 1937 Law enacted to provide income maintenance to the unemployed, covering employment for employers with one or more employees for any portion of a day for 20 weeks within a calendar year, excluding the following: service performed for nonprofit organizations, maritime employment, government employment, agricultural labor, domestic service, family employment, casual labor, insurance agents remunerated by commissions only, news boys and student nurses.
- 1943 Law was changed to cover one or more employees for any portion of a day within a calendar year.
- 1945 Coverage was extended to employees of nonprofit organizations with the exception of ministers, members of religious orders, and persons earning \$45 or less per quarter.
- 1946 Coverage was extended to maritime employment on vessels over 10 net tons.
- 1947 Dairies pasteurizing and delivering their own products were ruled exempt from coverage.
- 1951 Employees of nonprofit organizations earning less than \$50 per quarter were excluded from coverage.
Service by regularly enrolled students for a school, college or university was ruled exempt from coverage.
- 1955 Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees extended coverage to federal civilian employees.
- 1957 State Agricultural Unemployment Compensation Law extended coverage to agricultural workers whose employers had 20 or more employees in 24 days in 4 successive quarters.
- 1958 Ex-Servicemen's Unemployment Compensation Act extended coverage to ex-service personnel.
- 1959 Agricultural coverage was brought under the Hawaii Employment Security Law and expanded to include employers with 20 or more agricultural workers for 20 or more weeks in a calendar year.
Coverage was extended to state and local government employees.
- 1961 Coverage was extended to individuals performing domestic service in private homes who received cash wages of \$225 or more per quarter.
- 1965 Enrollees in Job Corps, Neighborhood Youth Corps and Volunteers in Service to America under the Federal Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 were excluded from coverage.
- 1967 Coverage was extended to certain maritime employment on vessels of 10 or less net tons.
- 1971 Real estate salesmen remunerated solely by commission were excluded from coverage.

Coverage History (cont'd)

- 1972 Coverage was extended to U.S. citizens in overseas service for American employers.
Coverage was extended to students employed by nonprofit organizations, other than students working for the schools they are enrolled in.
- 1978 Agricultural coverage was expanded to include employers with 10 or more workers in 20 or more weeks in the current or preceding calendar year or employers with total cash payroll of \$20,000 or more for agricultural employment in any quarter of the current or preceding calendar year.

Coverage of domestic service was expanded to include employers with total cash payroll of \$1,000 or more in any quarter in the current or preceding calendar year in addition to individuals receiving cash of \$225 or more during a single quarter.
- 1982 Registered outside travel agency sales representatives were excluded from coverage.

Vacuum cleaner dealers performing services solely by way of commission were excluded from coverage.
- 1990 Services performed by family member who own at least 50% of the shares of a corporation that does not employ any non-family workers, may be excluded from coverage at the option of the corporation.
- 1994 Services performed by a direct seller as defined in Section 3508 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are excluded from coverage.
- 1996 Coverage of domestic service was changed to be "as set forth in section 3306(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended". As of 1996, domestic service is covered when performed for a person who has paid \$1,000 or more for such services in any calendar quarter in the calendar year or the preceding calendar year. Services performed by students who are enrolled at nonprofit or public educational institutions in full-time programs that combine academic instruction with work experience are excluded from coverage.
- 1998 Services performed by an election official or election worker as defined in Section 3309(b)(3)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, are excluded from coverage.
- 2007 Domestic in-home and community-based services for persons with developmental disabilities and mental retardation under the medicaid home and community-based services program pursuant to title 42 Code of Federal Regulations sections 440.180 and 441.300, and title 42 Code of Federal Regulations, part 434, subpart A, as amended, and identified as chore, personal assistance and habilitation, residential habilitation, supported employment respite, and skilled nursing services, as the terms are defined and amended from time to time by the Department of Human Services, performed by an individual whose services are contracted by a recipient of social service payments and who voluntarily agrees in writing to be an independent contractor of the recipient of social service payments unless the individual is an employee and not an independent contractor of the recipient of social service payments under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, are excluded from coverage.

Benefit History

YEAR	MAX WBA	MIN WBA	MAX BEN PAYABLE	WBA FORMULA	QUAL WAGES	QUAL EMPLT	WAITING PERIOD	PARTIAL WAGES DISREGARDED	OTHER BENEFIT PROVISIONS
1939	\$15	\$5	Lessor of 16xWBA or 1/3xBPW	1/25 of HQW	24xWBA	13 wks	2 wks	\$3	Base period was defined as the first 4 of the last 5 completed calendar quarters preceding first day of individual's benefit year. Social Security old age benefits were deducted from WBA.
1941	\$20	"	20xWBA	"	30xWBA	"	1 wk	0	Claimants receiving Social Security old age benefits were disqualified.
1945	\$25	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Claimants were disqualified 2 months before and after childbirth.
1949	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Provision regarding Social Security old age benefits was repealed.
1951	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	\$2	Base period was redefined as 4 calendar quarters immediately preceding filing of claim.
1953	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Pregnancy disqualification was changed to 4 months before and 2 months after childbirth.
1955	\$35	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1959	\$45	"	26xWBA	"	"	"	"	"	
1961	\$55	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Requirement to be able and available for work was waived for claimants who became ill or disabled after filing an initial claim and registering for work provided that no suitable work was offered them. Claimants became eligible to receive benefit payment for waiting period provided that they had received benefits for 12 consecutive weeks.
1965	"	"	"	"	"	14 wks	"	"	
1966	66-2/3% of State-wide AWW	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1969	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Seasonality provisions (in effect since the early days of the program) were repealed.
1972	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Provision suspending benefits while an appeal is pending was repealed.
1973	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Pregnancy disqualification was eliminated.
1976	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	A week of employment was defined as a week in which an individual worked for at least 2 days or 4 hours or for which he received vacation, holiday or sickness pay or similar remuneration. Claimants disqualified for voluntary quit without good cause, discharge or suspension for misconduct, or failure to apply for or accept suitable work, were disqualified until they subsequently worked at least 5 consecutive weeks and were then separated from employment under non-disqualifying conditions. Claimants disqualified for fraud were disqualified for 24 months after the determination of fraud was made.
1977	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	The period for filing an appeal may be extended from 10 days to 30 days for good cause. The Appeals Referee became responsible for determining good cause in individual cases.

Benefit History (cont'd.)

YEAR	MAX WBA	MIN WBA	MAX BEN PAYABLE	WBA FORMULA	QUAL WAGES	QUAL EMPLT	WAITING PERIOD	PARTIAL WAGES DISREGARDED	OTHER BENEFIT PROVISIONS
1978	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Benefits based on professional services performed for schools were denied to school professionals between academic years or terms, if there was reasonable assurance of re-employment in the forthcoming year or term. Benefits were denied professional athletes between sports seasons, if employment was in athletic events or training and there was reasonable assurance of re-employment in the forthcoming season. Benefits for services performed by aliens were denied unless they were lawfully performing services.
1979	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	The Federal government no longer shared the cost of extended benefits for state and county government workers.
1980	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	A provision is enacted to conform to Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) requirements mandating the reduction of claimant weekly benefit amounts by all or a portion of retirement payment amounts.
1981	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Benefits for an individual's waiting period were eliminated. The retirement payment deduction provisions are amended, based on FUTA amendments, allowing states to consider contributions made to the retirement plan by claimants and base period employers. No deduction is taken from the claimant's weekly benefit amount if the pension was from other than a base period employer or if the claimant financed 100% of the cost of the pension plan; if the pension was financed at least one-half, but less than 100%, by the claimant, a weekly deduction of one-half the pension amount is applied; if the pension is financed less than 50% by the claimant, the entire pension is deducted.
1982	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Individuals suspended for misconduct were disqualified from extended benefits until they worked at least 4 weeks and earned 4 times their weekly benefit amount. Extended benefits to individuals receiving trade readjustment allowances were limited. Individuals in approved training under the Trade Act of 1974 could not be denied benefits. Child support payments may be deducted from claimant's benefits and paid to child support enforcement agencies.
1986	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Benefits may be paid to owner employees of a corporation upon showing of good cause for dissolution of the business.
1987	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	All tips paid directly to an employee by a customer of the employer and reported to the employer are included in the definition of "wages" for purposes of unemployment compensation.

Benefit History (cont'd.)

YEAR	MAX WBA	MIN WBA	MAX BEN PAYABLE	WBA FORMULA	QUAL WAGES	QUAL EMPLT	WAITING PERIOD	PARTIAL WAGES DISREGARDED	OTHER BENEFITS PROVISIONS
1988	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Employers must submit detailed wage information on all employees on a quarterly basis. Employers will also furnish wage and/or separation information upon request, and will no longer be required to submit the UC-BP-5 separation report within 5 days of an employee's termination. The BP-5 hire report is not affected by the new law.
1989	"	"	"	"	"	earnings in 2 BP quarters	"	"	Base period is the first 4 of the last 5 completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the individual's benefit year. To qualify for benefits, a claimant must have been paid wages for insured work during at least 2 quarters of the individual's base period. The re-qualifying requirement after a disqualification was changed from 5 consecutive weeks of work to covered earnings of 5 times the weekly benefit amount.
1990	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	An individual who established a benefit year, must earn covered wages of at least 5 times the individual's weekly benefit amount in order to establish a subsequent benefit year. To be eligible for benefits, an alien worker must have been legally authorized to work in the U.S. at the time services were performed.
1992	70% of State-wide AWW	"	"	1/21 of HQW	26xWBA	"	"	\$50	
2004	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Alternative base period allows the claimant to use the four most recently completed calendar quarters to establish a claim if the claimant does not have enough wages in the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters.
2005	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	For initial claims filed effective after July 2, 2005, retirement income is no longer deductible if the claimant contributed any amount to their pension plan. As of July 1, 2005 Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits will no longer be deducted from claimants' weekly amounts.
2008	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	\$150	
2008	75% of State-wide AWW	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
2012	70% of State-wide AWW	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	

Financing History

YEAR	TWB	TAX SCHED	TAX RATES	MAX RATE	MIN RATE	STD RATE	TRUST FUND SOLVENCY LEVEL	OTHER FINANCING PROVISIONS
1937	Total Wages	0	1	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%		
1938	"	"	"	2.70%	2.70%	2.70%		
1940	\$3,000	"	"	"	"	"		
1941	"	1	7	"	0	"	No reduced rates unless fund assets at least 5% of average annual payrolls of preceding 10 years.	Experience rating system of reduced rates began. An employer must be chargeable with benefits for 36 months to be eligible for reduced rates. Contributions became payable on a quarterly basis (formerly they were payable monthly).
1943	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Provision made for successor employer to acquire predecessor's experience record.
1949	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	Non-charging system began. Benefits became not chargeable to an employer's account if the claimant voluntarily quit without good cause or was discharged for misconduct in connection with work. Automatic filing of wage and separation reports was no longer required from employers; such reports became obtainable on a request basis when a claim was filed for benefits. Four-year statute of limitations established for collections of delinquent taxes.
1950	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Employers permitted to make voluntary contributions to obtain lower rates.
1955	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Chargeability requirement was lowered from 36 to 12 months.
1956	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	
1961	"	"	"	"	"	"	Changed to 5% of average annual payrolls of preceding 5 years.	Agricultural employers were allowed the option of entering into a self-financed plan.
1962	\$3,600	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1963	"	"	11*	3.0%*	1.00%	"	"	Chargeability requirement increased to 36 months.*
1965	90% of State-wide AAW	1	13	3.00%	0.70%	3.00%	If fund assets are at least \$15 million, regular rates apply; if assets are between \$13 and \$15 million, each employer's rate is increased by 0.5% up to the maximum 3.0%; if assets are less than \$13 million, all employers pay 3.0%.	Chargeability requirement reduced to 12 months. Voluntary contributions eliminated.

*Temporary emergency measure, effective July 1963 - December 1964.

Financing History (cont'd.)

YEAR	TWB	TAX SCHED	TAX RATES	MAX RATE	MIN RATE	STD RATE	TRUST FUND SOLVENCY LEVEL	OTHER FINANCING PROVISIONS
1969	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Benefits no longer chargeable to employer's account if claimant undergoing approved vocational training. Employer reserve accounts permitted to be liquidated if inactive for 5 or more years.
1970	"	3	I- 12** II- 14 III- 15	I- 3.0% II- 3.0% III- 3.0%	I- 0.8%** II- 0.4% III- 0.2%	"	Adequate reserve fund defined as 1 1/2 times highest 12 months cost rate (benefits divided by total wages) in past 10 years times most recent total wages. If fund assets are between \$13 and \$15 million, Schedule I is in effect and each employer's rate is increased by 0.5% up to the maximum of 3.0%; if assets are less than \$13 million, tax rate schedules do not apply and all employers pay 3.0%.	
1972	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Nonprofit organizations permitted the option of self-financing benefits to their employees.
1974	"	"	"	"	"	"	"Trigger" levels were increased to \$20 and \$15 million. If the total fund assets are at least \$15 million but less than \$20 million, each employer's rate is increased by 0.5% up to the maximum 3.0%; if assets are less than \$15 million, all employers pay 3.0%.	
1976	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Non-charging of benefits for voluntary quit without good cause, discharge for misconduct and voluntary quit with good cause not attributable to the employer is eliminated. Benefits paid to a claimant whose eligibility depends on employment in 2 or more states, and benefits overpaid because of ineligibility or disqualification when the overpayment did not result from an employer's failure to furnish information as required will not be charged to the employer's accounts. State and county governments begin making quarterly advance payments to the Unemployment Trust Fund to cover benefits to their former employees.

**Schedule I in effect if current reserve fund is less than adequate reserve fund; Schedule II if current reserve fund equals or exceeds adequate reserve fund but is less than 1.5 times adequate reserve fund; Schedule III if current reserve fund equals or exceeds 1.5 times adequate reserve fund.

Financing History (cont'd.)

YEAR	TWB	TAX SCHED	TAX RATES	MAX RATE	MIN RATE	STD RATE	TRUST FUND SOLVENCY LEVEL	OTHER FINANCING PROVISIONS
1977	100% of State-wide AAW	"	***	3.50%	"	"	"	
1978	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	State and local governments may elect to convert from the self-financing plan to contributory status. All covered agricultural employers must convert from the self-financing plan to contributory status.
1979	"	Basic Contribution rate schedule	13	4.50%	0%	3.00%	The adequate reserve fund is redefined as the high cost rate times total wages. The ratio of the current to the adequate reserves determines a trust fund solvency rate, ranging from 0.5% to +2.4%, which is added to each employer's basic contribution rate.	
1985	"	"	16	5.40%	"	5.40%	"	
1986	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	Non-charging of benefits for voluntary quit without good cause, discharge for misconduct and voluntary quit with good cause not attributable to the employer is again applicable. The state portion of extended benefits is not charged to employer accounts.
1988	50% of State-wide AAW	"	"	"	"	"	"	Due to the high fund balance, the taxable wage base was based on the ratio of the fund balance to the statutorily defined adequate reserve level.
1989	100% of State-wide AAW	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1990	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	From May 1990 through December 1992, a partial transfer of UI reserves is permitted in situations where a successor employer acquires a clearly segregable portion of a business from a predecessor account.

***Temporary measure calls for employers to pay at a uniform tax rate of 3.5% during 1977 and 1978.

Financing History (cont'd)

YEAR	TWB	TAX SCHED	TAX RATES	MAX RATE	MIN RATE	STD RATE	TRUST FUND SOLVENCY LEVEL	OTHER FINANCING PROVISIONS
1991	\$7,000	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1992	100% of State- wide AAW	8 (A - H)	A-16 B-18 C-19 D-18 E-17 F-16 G-15 H-14	"	"	"	The adequate reserve fund is redefined as 1 1/2 times the high cost rate times total wages. The ratio of the current to the adequate reserves determines the schedule in effect.	New employers are assigned the tax rate charged to employers with .0000 reserve ratios. Non-charge benefits paid to employees separated as a direct result of a major disaster
2008 to 2009	\$13,000	"	"	"	"	"	The adequate reserve is redefined as the high cost rate times total wages.	
2010 to 2011	90% of State- wide AAW	"	"	"	"	"		Tax schedules set at D for calendar year 2010 and F for calendar year 2011.
2012	100% of State- wide AAW	"	"	"	"	"		

Program History

Current UI Programs

1937	STATE UI PROGRAM. Regular Federal-State program.
1955	UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYEES (UCFE). Federally funded program for Federal civilian employees.
1958	UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR EX-SERVICEMEMBERS (UCX). Federally funded program for ex-service personnel.
1960	ADDITIONAL UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACT. State funded program for individuals unemployed due to major disaster.
1970	EXTENDED BENEFITS PROGRAM (EB). Federal-State program providing up to 13 weeks of benefits to exhaustees during periods of high unemployment.
1962	DISASTER UNEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE (DUA). Federally funded program for individuals whose unemployment was caused by a major disaster. Individuals who do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance or have been self-employed may be eligible for up to 26 weeks of benefits. DUA benefits were payable in Hawaii beginning September 12, 1992 due to Hurricane Iniki.

Other UI Programs

1944-52	SERVICEMEN'S READJUSTMENT ACT. The GI Bill, provided for payment of World War II veterans.
1952-60	VETERANS' READJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE ACT. Provided benefits to veterans of the Korean conflict.
1957-59	STATE AGRICULTURAL COMPENSATION LAW. Provided coverage to certain farm workers.
1958-59	TEMPORARY UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACT. Provided for extended benefits to exhaustees.
1960-61	DISASTER UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM. Provided benefits to individuals unemployed as a result of the Hilo tidal wave.
1961-62	TEMPORARY EXTENDED UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACT. Provided for extended benefits to exhaustees.
1961-82	STATE SELF-FINANCED AGRICULTURE PROGRAM. Permitted agricultural employers to be placed on a self-financed plan relieving them for paying unemployment insurance contributions.
1971-73	EMERGENCY UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACT. Provided for additional benefits to individuals who exhausted both regular and extended benefits.
1974-78	SPECIAL UNEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. Provided benefits to workers not covered by any unemployment compensation program.
1974-78	FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS PROGRAM. Provided additional benefits to individuals who exhausted both regular and extended benefits.
1982-85	FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION PROGRAM. Provided additional benefits to individuals who exhausted both regular and extended benefits.

Program History (cont'd)

1991-94	EMERGENCY UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION PROGRAM. Provided additional 13 weeks of federally funded benefits to those who exhausted their benefits after February 1991. The number of weeks provided was subsequently amended:	
	February 1992 – June 1992	26 weeks
	June 1992 – July 1993	20 weeks
	July 1993 – October 1993	10 weeks
	October 1993 – February 1994	7 weeks
2001-2002	STATE ADDITIONAL BENEFITS PROGRAMS. Provided additional 13 weeks of benefits from November 4, 2001 to June 30, 2002 as a result of Hawaii's economic downturn due to the September 11, 2001 terror attacks.	
2002	TEMPORARY EXTENDED UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION (TEUC). Federally funded program providing an additional 13 weeks of benefits beginning week of March 10, 2002 to December 31, 2003, as part of the economic recovery from the terror attacks of September 11, 2001.	
	(TEUC-A). Provides 39 weeks of extended benefits and extends TEUC until December 28, 2003 for displaced airline and related workers only.	
2009-2010	FEDERAL ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION (FAC). Federally funded program that provided a \$25 supplement to claimants' weekly unemployment compensation.	
2008-2011	EMERGENCY UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION, 2008 (EUC08). Federally funded program provided additional 13 weeks of benefits to those who had exhausted all rights to regular benefits effective from the week ending July 12, 2008. The number of weeks provided was subsequently amended:	
	November 2008 – November 2009	Additional 7 weeks (Total 20 weeks of Tier 1)
	November 2009 - December 2011	Additional 14 weeks of Tier 2, and 13 weeks of Tier 3 (Total of 47 weeks)

Training Programs

Currently the Unemployment Insurance Division provides Trade Readjustment Allowances to claimants adversely affected by foreign competition.

